

NEW ISSUE - BOOK-ENTRY ONLY

[INSURED RATING: S&P: "____"]

[UNDERLYING] RATING: S&P: "____"

(See "RATINGS.")

In the opinion of Goodwin Procter LLP, Los Angeles, California, Bond Counsel to the Authority, based upon an analysis of existing laws, regulations, rulings, and judicial decisions and assuming, among other matters, the accuracy of certain representations and compliance with certain covenants and requirements, interest on the Bonds is excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes under Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and is exempt from State of California personal income taxes. In the further opinion of Bond Counsel, interest on the Bonds is not a specific preference item for purposes of federal individual or corporate alternative minimum taxes, although Bond Counsel expresses no opinion regarding whether such interest is included in adjusted current earnings in calculating federal corporate alternative minimum taxable income. Bond Counsel expresses no opinion regarding other tax consequences relating to the ownership or disposition of, or the accrual or receipt of interest on, the Bonds. See "TAX MATTERS."

\$ _____

**CITY OF OXNARD FINANCING AUTHORITY
LEASE REVENUE REFUNDING BONDS
SERIES 2011**

Dated: Date of Delivery**Due: June 1, as shown on the inside cover**

THIS COVER PAGE CONTAINS CERTAIN INFORMATION FOR QUICK REFERENCE ONLY. IT IS NOT A SUMMARY OF THIS ISSUE. INVESTORS MUST READ THE ENTIRE OFFICIAL STATEMENT TO OBTAIN INFORMATION ESSENTIAL TO THE MAKING OF AN INFORMED INVESTMENT DECISION.

The City of Oxnard Financing Authority Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2011 (the "Bonds"), are being issued in the aggregate principal amount of \$_____ by the City of Oxnard Financing Authority (the "Authority") pursuant to the Marks-Roos Local Bond Pooling Act of 1985 (Article 4 of Chapter 5 of Division 7 of Title 1 of the California Government Code) and the provisions of a Trust Agreement, dated as of June 1, 2011 (the "Trust Agreement"), by and among the Authority, the City of Oxnard, California (the "City"), and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as trustee (the "Trustee").

Proceeds from the sale of the Bonds will be used (i) to provide the moneys required to pay the principal of and interest on the 2010 Notes (as defined herein) at maturity in accordance with the terms of the 2010 Trust Agreement (as defined herein), (ii) to fund the reserve fund established for the Bonds under the Trust Agreement, and (iii) to pay certain costs of issuance related to the Bonds. See "THE REFINANCING PLAN AND THE 2009 PROJECT," "THE BONDS - Estimated Sources and Uses of Bond Proceeds," and "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS - Reserve Fund." Capitalized terms used on this cover page and not otherwise defined shall have the meanings ascribed to them elsewhere in this Official Statement. See in particular "APPENDIX A - Summary of Certain Provisions of the Principal Legal Documents - Selected Definitions."

The Bonds will be delivered in fully registered form without coupons and, when delivered, will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"). DTC will act as securities depository for the Bonds. Individual purchases may be made in book-entry form only, in the principal amount of \$5,000 or integral multiples thereof for each maturity. Purchasers will not receive certificates representing their interest in the Bonds purchased. See "THE BONDS - Book-Entry Only System."

Payments of interest on the Bonds will be made by the Trustee to DTC, which will in turn remit such interest to its participants for subsequent dispersal to beneficial owners of the Bonds as described herein. Interest on the Bonds is payable semi-annually on each June 1 and December 1, commencing December 1, 2011, until the maturity or the earlier redemption thereof. Principal and any redemption premiums with respect to each Bond will be paid upon surrender of such Bond at the principal corporate office of the Trustee upon maturity or the earlier redemption thereof.

The Bonds are subject to optional redemption, extraordinary redemption from insurance or condemnation proceeds, extraordinary redemption upon the sale or nongovernmental use of the 2009 Project, and mandatory sinking account redemption, as described herein. See "THE BONDS - Redemption of Bonds."

The Bonds are payable from Base Rental payments to be made by the City to the Authority pursuant to a Master Lease and Option to Purchase, dated as of June 1, 2011 (the "Lease"), by and between the Authority, as lessor, and the City, as lessee, and from amounts held in certain funds and accounts established under the Trust Agreement. Pursuant to the Trust Agreement, the City's right to receive Base Rental payments will be assigned to the Trustee for the benefit of the registered owners of the Bonds. Pursuant to the Lease, the City will lease from the Authority the Components of the Property, as such terms are defined in the Lease and described herein under the heading "THE PROPERTY." The City will covenant in the Lease that, as long as the Property is available for the City's use, it will make all Base Rental payments and other payments provided for in the Lease, it will include all such payments in its annual budget, and it will make the necessary annual appropriations for such payments. The City's obligation to make Base Rental payments is subject to abatement in the event of damage to, destruction or condemnation of, or a title defect with respect to, any Component of the Property.

[The scheduled payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds when due will be guaranteed under an insurance policy to be issued concurrently with the delivery of the Bonds by _____.]

[INSURANCE COMPANY LOGO]

THE BONDS ARE LIMITED OBLIGATIONS OF THE AUTHORITY PAYABLE SOLELY FROM AND SECURED SOLELY BY THE BASE RENTAL PAYMENTS AND AMOUNTS HELD IN CERTAIN FUNDS AND ACCOUNTS ESTABLISHED UNDER THE TRUST AGREEMENT. NEITHER THE FULL FAITH AND CREDIT NOR THE TAXING POWER OF THE CITY, THE COUNTY OF VENTURA (THE "COUNTY"), THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA (THE "STATE"), OR ANY POLITICAL SUBDIVISION OF THE STATE IS PLEDGED TO THE PAYMENT OF THE BONDS. THE AUTHORITY HAS NO TAXING POWER. THE OBLIGATION OF THE CITY TO MAKE BASE RENTAL PAYMENTS UNDER THE LEASE DOES NOT CONSTITUTE AN OBLIGATION OF THE CITY FOR WHICH THE CITY IS OBLIGATED TO LEVY OR PLEDGE ANY FORM OF TAXATION OR FOR WHICH THE CITY HAS LEVIED OR PLEDGED ANY FORM OF TAXATION. NEITHER THE BONDS NOR THE OBLIGATION OF THE CITY TO MAKE BASE RENTAL PAYMENTS CONSTITUTES AN INDEBTEDNESS OF THE AUTHORITY, THE CITY, THE COUNTY, THE STATE, OR ANY POLITICAL SUBDIVISION OF THE STATE, WITHIN THE MEANING OF ANY CONSTITUTIONAL OR STATUTORY DEBT LIMITATION OR RESTRICTION.

[Maturity Schedule set forth on inside cover]

The Bonds are offered when, as, and if delivered to and received by the Underwriter, subject to the approval of legality by Goodwin Procter LLP, Los Angeles, California, Bond Counsel. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the Authority and the City by the City Attorney and by Disclosure Counsel, Goodwin Procter LLP, Los Angeles, California, and for the Underwriter by Jones Hall, San Francisco, California. It is anticipated that the Bonds in book-entry form will be available for delivery to DTC in New York, New York on or about _____, 2011.

RBC Capital Markets, LLCAttachment #7
Page 1 of 59

Dated: _____, 2011.

* Preliminary; subject to change.

MATURITY SCHEDULE

<u>Maturity Date</u> <u>(June 1)</u>	<u>Principal</u> <u>Amount</u>	<u>Interest</u> <u>Rate</u>	<u>Yield</u>	<u>CUSIP⁽¹⁾No.</u>	<u>Maturity Date</u> <u>(June 1)</u>	<u>Principal</u> <u>Amount</u>	<u>Interest</u> <u>Rate</u>	<u>Yield</u>	<u>CUSIP⁽¹⁾No.</u>
---	-----------------------------------	--------------------------------	--------------	-------------------------------	---	-----------------------------------	--------------------------------	--------------	-------------------------------

\$ _____ % Term Bond due June 1, 20__ Price: _____ % CUSIP⁽¹⁾ No. _____

\$ _____ % Term Bond due June 1, 20__ Price: _____ % CUSIP⁽¹⁾ No. _____

- (1) Copyright, American Bankers Association. CUSIP data are provided by Standard & Poor's CUSIP Service Bureau, a division of The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc. ("CUSIP Service Bureau"). Such CUSIP data are provided only for the convenience of the reader and are not intended to create a database and do not serve in any way as a substitute for the services and information provided by the CUSIP Service Bureau. CUSIP is a registered trademark of the American Bankers Association. The Authority takes no responsibility for the accuracy of any CUSIP data set forth herein or for any changes or errors in such data.

No dealer, broker, salesperson, or other person has been authorized by the City, the Authority, or RBC Capital Markets, LLC (the "Underwriter") to give any information or to make any representations other than those contained in this Official Statement and, if given or made, such other information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by any of the foregoing. This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy, nor will there be any sale of the Bonds by any person in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful for such person to make such offer, solicitation, or sale.

This Official Statement is not to be construed to be a contract with the purchasers of the Bonds. Statements contained in this Official Statement that involve estimates, forecasts, or matters of opinion, whether or not expressly described as such herein, are intended solely as such and are not to be construed as representations of fact.

The information set forth in this Official Statement has been obtained from the Authority, the City, and other sources that are believed to be reliable, but it is not guaranteed as to accuracy or completeness, and it is not to be construed as a representation by the Authority or the City. The information and expressions of opinion herein are subject to change without notice and neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale made hereunder will, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the Authority or the City since the date hereof.

The Underwriter has provided the following sentence for inclusion in this Official Statement: The Underwriter has reviewed the information in this Official Statement in accordance with, and as part of, its responsibilities to investors under the federal securities laws as applied to the facts and circumstances of this transaction, but the Underwriter does not guarantee the accuracy or completeness of such information.

This Official Statement is submitted in connection with the sale of the Bonds referred to herein and may not be reproduced or used, in whole or in part, for any other purpose.

THE BONDS HAVE NOT BEEN REGISTERED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED, IN RELIANCE UPON AN EXEMPTION CONTAINED IN SUCH ACT. THE BONDS HAVE NOT BEEN REGISTERED OR QUALIFIED UNDER THE SECURITIES LAWS OF ANY STATE.

IN CONNECTION WITH THIS OFFERING, THE UNDERWRITER MAY OVERALLOT OR EFFECT TRANSACTIONS THAT STABILIZE OR MAINTAIN THE MARKET PRICE OF THE BONDS AT A LEVEL ABOVE THAT WHICH MIGHT OTHERWISE PREVAIL IN THE OPEN MARKET. SUCH STABILIZING, IF COMMENCED, MAY BE DISCONTINUED AT ANY TIME.

[Other than with respect to information concerning _____ (the "Bond Insurer") contained under the caption "BOND INSURANCE" and "APPENDIX F - SPECIMEN BOND INSURANCE POLICY" herein, none of the information in this Official Statement has been supplied or verified by the Bond Insurer and the Bond Insurer makes no representation or warranty, express or implied, as to (i) the accuracy or completeness of such information, (ii) the validity of the Bonds, or (iii) the tax exempt status of the interest on the Bonds.]

CITY OF OXNARD, CALIFORNIA

MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL

Dr. Thomas E. Holden, *Mayor*,
Dr. Irene G. Pinkard, *Mayor Pro Tem*
Bryan A. MacDonald, *Councilman*
Timothy Flynn, *Councilman*
Carmen Ramirez, *Councilmember*

GOVERNING BOARD OF THE AUTHORITY

Dr. Thomas E. Holden, *Chairman*
Dr. Irene G. Pinkard, *Vice Chair*
Bryan A. MacDonald, *Board Member*
Timothy Flynn, *Board Member*
Carmen Ramirez, *Board Member*

CITY OFFICIALS

Edmund F. Sotelo, *City Manager*
Karen R. Burnham, *Assistant City Manager*
Alan Holmberg, *City Attorney*
Daniel Martinez, *City Clerk*
Danielle Navas, *City Treasurer*
James Cameron, *Chief Financial Officer*
Michael J. More, *Financial Services Manager*

PROFESSIONAL SERVICES

Bond Counsel and Disclosure Counsel
Goodwin Procter LLP
Los Angeles, California

Trustee
Wells Fargo Bank, National Association
Los Angeles, California

Financial Advisor
First Southwest Company
Santa Monica, California

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
INTRODUCTION	8
General	8
Authorization	8
Purpose of Issuance	8
Registration, Date, and Maturity of Bonds	9
Payment of the Bonds	9
Redemption of Bonds	9
Security and Source of Payment for the Bonds	9
[Bond Insurance]	10
Continuing Disclosure	10
Limited Obligations	10
Forward-Looking Statements	11
References Qualified	11
THE REFINANCING PLAN AND THE 2009 PROJECT	11
THE BONDS	12
Authorization and Payment of Bonds	12
Redemption of Bonds	12
Selection of Bonds for Redemption	13
Notice of Redemption	13
Book-Entry Only System	14
Estimated Sources and Uses of Bond Proceeds	16
Debt Service Schedule	17
SECURITY FOR THE BONDS	18
Base Rental	18
Reserve Fund	19
Insurance	19
Investment of Moneys	20
[BOND INSURANCE]	20
RISK FACTORS	20
Bonds are Limited Obligations	20
Availability of Moneys for Base Rental Payments	21
Limited Recourse on Default	21
Abatement	21
Sale of 2009 Project Component of Property; Extraordinary Redemption of Bonds; Abatement	22
Substitution of Property	22
No Acceleration Upon Default	23
Seismic Activity; Flood Zone	23
Bankruptcy	23
Loss of Tax Exemption	24
Economic, Political, Social, and Environmental Conditions	24
CONSTITUTIONAL AND STATUTORY LIMITATIONS ON TAXES AND APPROPRIATIONS	24
Article XIII A of the California Constitution	24
Article XIII B of the California Constitution	25
Proposition 111	26
Articles XIII C and XIII D of the California Constitution	27
Proposition 62	28
Future Initiatives	29
THE AUTHORITY	29
THE PROPERTY	29
TAX MATTERS	30
Bond Counsel Opinion	30
Risk of Audit by Internal Revenue Service	31

Original Issue Discount and Premium.....	31
Information Reporting and Backup Withholding.....	31
RATINGS.....	32
CONTINUING DISCLOSURE.....	32
UNDERWRITING.....	32
FINANCIAL ADVISOR.....	33
LITIGATION.....	33
CERTAIN LEGAL MATTERS.....	33
MISCELLANEOUS.....	33
APPENDIX A SUMMARY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE PRINCIPAL LEGAL DOCUMENTS	A-1
APPENDIX B GENERAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE CITY OF OXNARD	B-1
APPENDIX C CITY OF OXNARD COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT, FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010.....	C-1
APPENDIX D FORM OF BOND COUNSEL OPINION	D-1
APPENDIX E FORM OF CONTINUING DISCLOSURE AGREEMENT	E-1
[APPENDIX F SPECIMEN BOND INSURANCE POLICY.....	F-1]

OFFICIAL STATEMENT
\$ _____*
CITY OF OXNARD FINANCING AUTHORITY
LEASE REVENUE REFUNDING BONDS
SERIES 2011

INTRODUCTION

General

This Official Statement, which includes the cover page, Table of Contents, and Appendices (the "Official Statement"), provides certain information concerning the issuance of the City of Oxnard Financing Authority Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2011, in the aggregate principal amount of \$ _____* (the "Bonds"). Descriptions and summaries of various documents hereinafter set forth do not purport to be comprehensive or definitive and reference is made to each such document for complete details of all terms and conditions therein. All statements in this Official Statement are qualified in their entirety by reference to the applicable documents.

This Introduction is subject in all respects to the more complete information contained elsewhere in this Official Statement, and the offering of the Bonds to potential investors is made only by means of the entire Official Statement. Capitalized terms used and not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed to them in "APPENDIX A – Summary of Certain Provisions of the Principal Legal Documents – Selected Definitions."

Authorization

The Bonds are being issued by the City of Oxnard Financing Authority (the "Authority"), a joint exercise of powers entity duly organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of California, pursuant to the Marks-Roos Local Bond Pooling Act of 1985 (Article 4 of Chapter 5 of Division 7 of Title 1 of the California Government Code) (the "Act") and the provisions of a Trust Agreement, dated as of June 1, 2011 (the "Trust Agreement"), by and among the Authority, the City of Oxnard (the "City"), and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as trustee (the "Trustee").

Purpose of Issuance

Proceeds from the sale of the Bonds will be used (i) to provide the moneys required to pay the principal of and interest on the City of Oxnard Financing Authority Bond Anticipation Notes, Series 2010 (the "2010 Notes"), at maturity on June 25, 2010, in accordance with the terms of the Trust Agreement, dated as of June 1, 2010 (the "2010 Trust Agreement"), by and among the City, the Authority, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as trustee (the "2010 Trustee"), (ii) to fund the reserve fund (the "Reserve Fund") established for the Bonds under the Trust Agreement, and (iii) to pay certain costs of issuance related to the Bonds. See "THE REFINANCING PLAN AND THE 2009 PROJECT," "THE BONDS – Estimated Sources and Uses of Bond Proceeds," and "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS – Reserve Fund."

* Preliminary; subject to change.

Registration, Date, and Maturity of Bonds

The Bonds will be initially registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for The Depository Trust Company, which will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Bonds will be dated the date of their initial delivery and will mature on the dates and in the principal amounts set forth on the inside cover page hereof.

Payment of the Bonds

Interest on the Bonds is payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1, commencing December 1, 2011, and will be paid by check, mailed by first class mail to the registered owners thereof (each, an "Owner") as of the applicable Record Date; provided, however, that any Owner of \$1,000,000 or more aggregate principal amount of Bonds may request in writing payment of such interest by wire transfer in immediately available funds to a designated account. Principal and any redemption premium with respect to each Bond will be paid upon surrender of such Bond at the principal corporate trust office of the Trustee in Los Angeles, California, upon the maturity or earlier redemption thereof. See "THE BONDS – Authorization and Payment of Bonds."

Redemption of Bonds

The Bonds are subject to optional redemption, extraordinary redemption from insurance or condemnation proceeds, extraordinary redemption upon the sale or nongovernmental use of the 2009 Project (as defined herein), and mandatory sinking account redemption, as described herein. See "THE BONDS – Redemption of Bonds."

Security and Source of Payment for the Bonds

The Bonds are payable from base rental ("Base Rental") payments to be made by the City pursuant to a Master Lease and Option to Purchase, dated as of June 1, 2011 (the "Lease"), by and between the Authority, as lessor, and the City, as lessee, and from amounts held in certain funds and accounts established under the Trust Agreement.

Pursuant to the Lease, the City will lease from the Authority the Components of the Property, as such terms are defined in the Lease and described herein under "THE PROPERTY." A portion of the 2009 Project constitutes one of the Components of the Property. See "THE REFINANCING PLAN AND THE 2009 PROJECT." Pursuant to the Trust Agreement, the Authority will assign to the Trustee, for the benefit of the Owners of the Bonds, certain of its rights, title, and interest in and to the Lease and the Property Lease, dated as of June 1, 2011 (the "Property Lease"), by and between the City and the Authority, including, without limitation, the right to receive Base Rental payments and the right to enforce payment of Base Rental payments when due, but excluding certain rights to payment of expenses, to indemnification, and to receive notices under the Lease.

Pursuant to the Lease, the City will be required, subject to its abatement rights, to pay Base Rental and, as Additional Rental, any taxes, assessments, and insurance premiums with respect to the Property and the fees, costs, and expenses incurred by the Authority and the Trustee in connection with the Lease, the Trust Agreement, or the Property. See "SECURITY AND SOURCES OF PAYMENT FOR THE BONDS – Base Rental." Base Rental payments are payable five business days prior to each June 1 and December 1, commencing five business days prior to December 1, 2011. Each Base Rental payment shall apply to the immediately preceding six month period. Upon the issuance of the Bonds, the City will certify as to the fair rental value of the Components of the Property as of the date of such issuance.

Base Rental payments are subject to abatement during any period in which, by reason of a material title defect or material damage, destruction, or condemnation, there is substantial interference with the City's right to use and occupancy of the Property or any portion thereof.

Under the Lease, the City is required to maintain rental interruption insurance covering a period of 24 months, in an amount equal to two times the Reserve Requirement. In addition, the Property will be insured, through insurers meeting certain requirements set forth in the Lease, against loss or damage. Any net insurance proceeds and condemnation awards will be applied to repair or replace the Property or to redeem all or a portion of the Bonds. See "THE BONDS – Redemption of Bonds – Extraordinary Redemption From Insurance or Condemnation Proceeds" and "APPENDIX A – Summary of Certain Provisions of Principal Legal Documents – Lease."

The City has covenanted in the Lease to take such action as may be necessary to include and maintain all Base Rental payments and Additional Rental payments due under the Lease in its annual budget, and to make the necessary annual appropriations for all such payments, as long as a portion of the Property with fair rental value sufficient to support such Base Rental payments and Additional Rental payments is available for the City's use. See "SECURITY AND SOURCES OF PAYMENT FOR THE BONDS – Base Rental," "CONSTITUTIONAL AND STATUTORY LIMITATIONS ON TAXES AND APPROPRIATIONS – Article XIII B of the California Constitution: Limits on Appropriations," and "APPENDIX A – Summary of Certain Provisions of Principal Legal Documents."

Pursuant to the Trust Agreement, the City is required to maintain amounts on deposit in the Reserve Fund, which is held by the Trustee and pledged to the payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds, in an amount equal to the Reserve Requirement. See "SECURITY AND SOURCES OF PAYMENT FOR THE BOND – Reserve Fund" and "APPENDIX A – Summary of Certain Provisions of Principal Legal Documents – Trust Agreement."

[Bond Insurance]

[The scheduled payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds when due will be guaranteed under a municipal bond insurance policy (the "Bond Insurance Policy") to be issued concurrently with the delivery of the Bonds by _____ (the "Bond Insurer"). See "BOND INSURANCE."]

Continuing Disclosure

In connection with the issuance of the Bonds, the Authority will covenant in the Continuing Disclosure Agreement, dated the date of delivery of the Bonds (the "Continuing Disclosure Agreement"), by and between the Authority and the Trustee, as dissemination agent, to provide certain financial information and operating data relating to the Authority and the City and notices of certain events listed therein. See "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE" and "APPENDIX E – Form of Continuing Disclosure Agreement."

Limited Obligations

The Bonds are limited obligations of the Authority payable solely from and secured solely by the Base Rental payments and amounts held in certain funds and accounts established under the Trust Agreement. Neither the full faith and credit nor the taxing power of City, the County of Ventura (the "County"), the State of California (the "State"), or any political subdivision of the State is pledged to the payment of the Bonds. The Authority has no taxing power. The obligation of the City to make Base Rental payments under the Lease does not constitute an obligation of the City for which the City is obligated to levy or pledge any form of taxation or for which the City has

levied or pledged any form of taxation. Neither the Bonds nor the obligation of the City to make Base Rental payments constitutes an indebtedness of the Authority, the City, the County, the State, or any political subdivision of the State, within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory debt limitation or restriction.

Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements included or incorporated by reference in this Official Statement constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, Section 21E of the United States Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and Section 27A of the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended. Such statements are generally identifiable by the terminology used such as "plan," "intend," "expect," "propose," "estimate," "project," "budget," "anticipate," or other similar words. The achievement of certain results or other expectations contained in such forward-looking statements involves known and unknown risks, uncertainties, and other factors that may cause the actual results, performance, or achievements described to be materially different from any future results, performance, or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. No updates or revisions to these forward-looking statements are expected to be issued if or when the expectations, events, conditions, or circumstances on which such statements are based change. The forward-looking statements in this Official Statement are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in or implied by such forward-looking statements. **READERS ARE CAUTIONED NOT TO PLACE UNDUE RELIANCE ON SUCH FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS, WHICH SPEAK ONLY AS OF THE DATE HEREOF.**

References Qualified

The summaries of and references to all documents, statutes, reports, and other instruments referred to in this Official Statement do not purport to be complete, comprehensive, or definitive, and each such summary and reference is qualified in its entirety by reference to each such document, statute, report, or instrument.

THE REFINANCING PLAN AND THE 2009 PROJECT

The Authority previously issued the City of Oxnard Financing Authority Bond Anticipation Notes, Series 2009, in the aggregate principal amount of \$20,005,000 (the "2009 Notes"), pursuant to the Trust Agreement, dated as of August 1, 2009 (the "2009 Trust Agreement"), by and among the City, the Authority, and Wells Fargo Bank, as trustee. Proceeds from the sale of the 2009 Notes were used to finance the purchase of the approximately 14 acres of land located at the northwest corner of Ventura Road and Vineyard Avenue adjacent to the City's River Ridge Golf Club, as more fully described in the 2009 Trust Agreement (the "2009 Project"). Approximately four acres of the 2009 Project is developed as a football field and locker facilities; these four acres constitute one of the Components of the Property. See "THE PROPERTY." The remaining approximate 10 acres of the 2009 Project is largely undeveloped. The City intends to use the entire 14 acres for public recreational purposes.

The Authority previously issued the 2010 Notes in the aggregate principal amount of \$20,520,000 pursuant to the 2010 Trust Agreement. Proceeds from the sale of the 2010 Notes were used to pay in full the principal and interest due with respect to the 2009 Notes at maturity. All of the 2010 Notes are currently outstanding.

Proceeds from the sale of the Bonds will be used (i) to provide the moneys required to pay the principal of and interest on the 2010 Notes at maturity on June 25, 2010, in accordance with the terms of

the 2010 Trust Agreement, (ii) to fund the reserve fund established for the Bonds under the Trust Agreement, and (iii) to pay certain costs of issuance related to the Bonds. See "THE BONDS – Estimated Sources and Uses of Bond Proceeds."

THE BONDS

Authorization and Payment of Bonds

The Bonds are being issued pursuant to the Act and the provisions of the Trust Agreement. The Bonds will be dated the date of their initial delivery and will mature on the dates and in the principal amounts set forth on the cover page hereof. Interest on the Bonds will be paid semi-annually on each June 1 and December 1, commencing December 1, 2011 (each, an "Interest Payment Date"), to Owners recorded in the registration books kept by the Trustee as of the fifteenth day of the month preceding the applicable Interest Payment Date (the "Record Date"). Interest will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year comprised of twelve 30-day months.

The Bonds will be issued as fully registered bonds in the denomination of \$5,000 each or any integral multiple thereof. Principal of and redemption premium, if any, on each Bond will be payable upon surrender of such Bond at the principal corporate trust office of the Trustee in Los Angeles, California, upon the maturity or earlier redemption thereof. Interest will be payable by check, mailed to the Owners of the Bonds as of the applicable Record Date at their addresses as they appear on the Bond register maintained by the Trustee; provided, however, that interest payable to an Owner of \$1,000,000 or more aggregate principal amount of Bonds will be paid by wire transfer to such account within the United States as such Owner shall have specified in writing prior to the applicable Record Date to the Trustee for such purpose. Certain of the provisions described above will not apply as long as the Bonds are in a book-entry only system. See "THE BONDS – Book-Entry Only System" below.

Redemption of Bonds

Optional Redemption. Bonds maturing on or before June 1, 20__ are not subject to optional redemption prior to their stated maturities. Bonds maturing on or after June 1, 20__ are subject to optional redemption prior to maturity on or after June 1, 20__ at the option of the City, as a whole or in part on any Business Day, at a redemption price equal to the principal amount of the Bonds to be redeemed, without premium, plus accrued but unpaid interest to the redemption date, from amounts deposited with the Trustee by the City in furtherance of the exercise of the City of its option to purchase the Authority's right, title, and interest in the Property or a Component thereof in accordance with the Lease and from any other funds available therefor.

Extraordinary Redemption From Insurance or Condemnation Proceeds. The Bonds are subject to extraordinary redemption prior to maturity in whole or in part on any date, at a redemption price equal to the principal amount thereof plus accrued but unpaid interest to the redemption date, without premium, in an amount equal to the proceeds of insurance or condemnation awards or other amounts deposited in the Debt Service Fund pursuant to the Trust Agreement. See "APPENDIX A – Summary of Certain Provisions of the Principal Legal Documents – Trust Agreement."

Extraordinary Redemption upon the Sale or Nongovernmental Use of the 2009 Project. The Bonds are subject to extraordinary redemption prior to maturity in whole or in part on any date, at a redemption price equal to the principal amount thereof plus accrued but unpaid interest to the redemption date, without premium, in an amount determined as necessary by the City after consultation with Bond Counsel in order to maintain the exclusion from gross income of interest on the Bonds, in connection with any sale, lease, or other transfer of all or any portion of the 2009 Project or any use of all or any portion of

the 2009 Project in the trade or business of any nongovernmental persons, from any available funds of the City deposited in the Debt Service Fund pursuant to the Lease. See "APPENDIX A – Summary of Certain Provisions of the Principal Legal Documents – Lease."

Mandatory Sinking Account Redemption. The Bonds maturing on June 1, 20__ (the "20__ Term Bonds"), are subject to mandatory redemption before maturity, in part, from mandatory sinking account payments, on the first Business Day of each June, commencing June 1, 20__, at the principal thereof plus accrued interest thereon to the date fixed for redemption, without premium, as follows:

Mandatory Redemption Date (June 1)	Sinking Account Payment Amount
	\$

(maturity)

The Bonds maturing on June 1, 20__ (the "20__ Term Bonds" and, together with the 20__ Term Bonds, the "Term Bonds"), are subject to mandatory redemption before maturity, in part, from mandatory sinking account payments, on the first Business Day of each June, commencing June 1, 20__, at the principal thereof plus accrued interest thereon to the date fixed for redemption, without premium, as follows:

Mandatory Redemption Date (June 1)	Sinking Account Payment Amount
	\$

(maturity)

If some but not all of the applicable Term Bonds have been redeemed pursuant to optional or extraordinary redemption, the sinking account payments to be made subsequent to such redemption shall be reduced proportionately in accordance with the Trust Agreement.

Selection of Bonds for Redemption

Whenever provision is made in the Trust Agreement for the redemption of Bonds and less than all of the outstanding Bonds are to be called for redemption, the Trustee will select Bonds for redemption *pro rata* among maturities, as specified by the Authority, such that substantially equal debt service results for the remaining years of the term of the Lease and such that Base Rental to become due in each remaining year of the term of the Lease will be as nearly equal as possible to Base Rental to come due in every other such year. As to any Bond, such redemption will be in the amount of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof.

Notice of Redemption

When redemption is authorized or required pursuant to the Trust Agreement, the Trustee shall give notice (the "Redemption Notice"), at the expense of the City, of the redemption of the Bonds; provided, however, that neither failure of any Owner to receive a Redemption Notice nor any defect in a Redemption Notice shall affect the sufficiency of the proceedings for the redemption of Bonds. Notice of the optional or extraordinary redemption of Bonds, other than any notice that refers to Bonds that are to

be redeemed from proceeds of a refunding bond issue [or from amounts to be provided by the Bond Insurer in its discretion], may be given only if sufficient funds have been deposited with the Trustee to pay the applicable redemption price of the Bonds to be redeemed. The Redemption Notice shall specify: (a) the Bonds or designated portions thereof (in the case of redemption of the Bonds in part but not in whole) that are to be redeemed, (b) the date of redemption, (c) the place or places where the redemption will be made, including the name and address of any paying agent, (d) the redemption price, (e) the CUSIP numbers (if any) assigned to the Bonds to be redeemed, (f) if less than all Outstanding Bonds are to be redeemed, the numbers of the Bonds of the maturities to be redeemed in whole or in part and, in any case, the principal amount of Bonds of each maturity to be redeemed in whole or in part, and (g) the original issue date, interest rate, and stated maturity date of each Bond to be redeemed in whole or in part. The Redemption Notice shall further state that on the specified date there shall become due and payable upon each Bond or portion thereof being redeemed the redemption price, together with interest accrued thereon to the redemption date, and that from and after such date interest with respect thereto shall cease to accrue and be payable.

Book-Entry Only System

The following information regarding DTC and its book-entry system has been provided by DTC and has not been verified for accuracy or completeness by the Authority or the City, and neither the Authority nor the City take any responsibility for the accuracy thereof. Neither the Authority nor the City shall have any responsibility or liability for any aspects of the records maintained by DTC relating to, or payments made on account of, beneficial ownership, or for maintaining, supervising, or reviewing any records maintained by DTC relating to beneficial ownership, of interests in the Bonds.

DTC will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Bonds will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered Bond certificate will be issued for each maturity of the Bonds, each in the aggregate principal amount of such maturity, and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC, the world's largest securities depository, is a limited purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate, and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments ("MMI") (from over 100 countries) that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). DTC has Standard & Poor's highest rating: AAA. The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the SEC. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com and www.dtc.org.

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Bonds except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Bonds is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co. or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners, will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to take certain steps to augment transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the Bonds, such as redemptions, tenders, defaults, and proposed amendments to the Bond documents. For example, Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the Bonds for their benefit has agreed to obtain and transmit notices to Beneficial Owners or in the alternative, Beneficial Owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the registrar and request that copies of the notices be provided directly to them.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Bonds within an issue are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such issue to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's MMI procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the Authority or the City as soon as possible after the Record Date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts the Bonds are credited on the Record Date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Principal and interest payments with respect to the Bonds will be made to Cede & Co. or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the City or the Trustee, on the payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC nor its nominee, the Trustee or the City or Authority, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of principal and interest to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as

may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the City or the Trustee, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as securities depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the Authority, the City, or the Trustee. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor securities depository is not obtained, Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered in accordance with the terms of the Trust Agreement.

The Authority or the City may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry only transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, Bond certificates will be printed and delivered to DTC in accordance with the terms of the Trust Agreement.

THE INFORMATION IN THIS SECTION CONCERNING DTC AND DTC'S BOOK-ENTRY SYSTEM HAS BEEN OBTAINED FROM SOURCES THAT THE AUTHORITY AND THE CITY BELIEVE TO BE RELIABLE, BUT NEITHER THE AUTHORITY NOR THE CITY TAKES ANY RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE ACCURACY THEREOF. NEITHER THE AUTHORITY NOR THE CITY GIVES ANY ASSURANCES THAT DTC WILL DISTRIBUTE PAYMENTS TO DTC PARTICIPANTS OR THAT PARTICIPANTS OR OTHERS WILL DISTRIBUTE PAYMENTS WITH RESPECT TO THE BONDS RECEIVED BY DTC OR ITS NOMINEES AS THE REGISTERED OWNER, ANY REDEMPTION NOTICES, OR OTHER NOTICES TO THE BENEFICIAL OWNERS, OR THAT THEY WILL DO SO ON A TIMELY BASIS, OR THAT DTC WILL SERVE AND ACT IN THE MANNER DESCRIBED IN THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT.

Estimated Sources and Uses of Bond Proceeds

The following table details the estimated sources and uses of the proceeds from the sale of the Bonds.

Table 1
Estimated Sources and Uses of Funds

Estimated Sources:

Principal Amount
[Plus/Less]: Original Issue [Premium/Discount]
Less: Underwriter's Discount
[Less: Transfer to Bond Insurer to pay premium for Bond Insurance Policy]
Total Sources

Estimated Uses:

Transfer to 2010 Trustee for deposit into 2010 Payment Fund ⁽¹⁾
Deposit to Reserve Fund ⁽²⁾
Deposit to Costs of Issuance Fund ⁽³⁾
Total Uses

⁽¹⁾ To pay in full the principal and interest due with respect to the 2010 Notes at maturity on June 25, 2010.

⁽²⁾ Represents the Reserve Requirement for the Bonds.

⁽³⁾ Moneys in the Costs of Issuance Fund established under the Trust Agreement are expected to be used to pay the fees and expenses of Bond Counsel, Disclosure Counsel, and the Trustee, as well as printing and other miscellaneous costs related to the Bonds.

Debt Service Schedule

The table below presents the annual debt service on the Bonds (including sinking account redemptions), assuming that there are no optional or extraordinary redemptions:

**Table 2
Debt Service Schedule**

Year Ending June 1	Principal of Bonds	Interest on Bonds	Total Debt Service on Bonds
-------------------------------	-------------------------------	------------------------------	--

Totals

Source: Underwriter.

SECURITY FOR THE BONDS

Base Rental

The Bonds are payable from Base Rental payments to be made by the City to the Authority pursuant to the Lease and from amounts held in certain funds and accounts established under the Trust Agreement. Pursuant to the Trust Agreement, certain of the rights, title, and interest of the Authority under the Lease and under the Property Lease will be assigned to the Trustee for the benefit of the Owners, including, without limitation, the right to receive Base Rental payments under the Lease, but excluding certain rights to payment of the Authority's expenses, its right to indemnification and its right to receive certain notices under the Lease and the Property Lease. Pursuant to the Trust Agreement, the Trustee will receive Base Rental payments for the benefit of the Owners. The City is required under the Lease, subject to its abatement rights discussed below, to make semi-annual Base Rental payments from legally available funds, which payments are to be calculated to be sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds as and when due.

Additional Rental payments due from the City under the Lease include amounts sufficient to pay certain taxes and assessments charged with respect to the Property, amounts necessary to replenish the Reserve Fund to the Reserve Requirement, insurance premiums, any rebate amounts required to be paid to the United States Treasury, all fees, costs, and expenses of the Trustee, and certain other administrative expenses due under the Trust Agreement and the Lease. The City is also responsible for the repair and maintenance of the Property required as a result of ordinary wear and tear and want of care on the part of the City during the term of the Lease.

Base Rental payments will be abated in the event of material damage to, material destruction or condemnation of, or a material title defect with respect to, the Property if and to the extent that the fair rental value of the remaining portion of the Property is less than the remaining Base Rental payments. Upon the issuance of the Bonds, the City will certify as to the fair rental value of each Component of the Property.

The City has covenanted in the Lease to take such action as may be necessary to include and maintain all Base Rental and Additional Rental in its annual budget and to make the necessary annual appropriations therefor, as long as a portion of the Property with a fair rental value sufficient to support rental payments under the Lease is available for the City's use.

Should the City default under the Lease, the Lease and the Trust Agreement provide that the Trustee may, with or without terminating the Lease, re-let the Property for the account of the City. In the event the Trustee re-lets the Property without terminating the Lease, the Trustee may hold the City liable for semi-annual payments of any cumulative net deficiency in Base Rental payments or Additional Rental under the Lease. In lieu of the foregoing, so long as the Trustee does not terminate the Lease or the City's right to possession of the Property, the Trustee may sue to recover Base Rental payments as they become due. The Trustee may not accelerate the City's obligation to make Base Rental payments.

For a discussion of the terms of the Base Rental payments and Additional Rental payments, and the risks associated therewith, see "RISK FACTORS," "CONSTITUTIONAL AND STATUTORY LIMITATIONS ON TAXES AND APPROPRIATIONS," and "APPENDIX A - Summary of Certain Provisions of Principal Legal Documents - Lease."

Reserve Fund

Pursuant to the Trust Agreement, the City is required to maintain amounts on deposit in the Reserve Fund in an amount equal to the Reserve Requirement, which Reserve Fund is to be held by the Trustee and pledged to the payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds. Amounts in the Reserve Fund are to be used only for the payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds in the event amounts in the Debt Service Fund are insufficient to make such payments. The Reserve Fund will be replenished from amounts received as delinquent Base Rental payments, Additional Rental payments, proceeds of certain insurance, and earnings on amounts held in such fund. The Reserve Requirement is equal to, as of any date of calculation, an amount equal to the least of (i) 10% of the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds originally issued, (ii) maximum annual Base Rental payments coming due and payable, or (iii) 125% of the average annual Base Rental payments coming due and payable. As of the date of issuance of the Bonds, the Reserve Requirement will be \$_____.

The Authority, [with the prior written consent of the Bond Insurer, so long as the Bond Insurer is not in default in its payment obligations under the Bond Insurance Policy, and] upon notice to Standard & Poor's Ratings Services, a Division of The McGraw-Hill Companies ("Standard & Poor's" or "S&P"), reserves the right to substitute, at any time and from time to time, one or more letters of credit, surety bonds, financial guaranty insurance policies, or other form of guaranty from a financial institution, the long-term unsecured obligations of which are rated not less than "Aa" by Moody's "AA" by Standard & Poor's in substitution for or in place of all or any portion of the Reserve Requirement, under the terms of which the Trustee is unconditionally entitled to draw amounts when required for the purposes of the Trust Agreement. See "APPENDIX A – Summary of Certain Provisions of Principal Legal Documents – Trust Agreement."

Insurance

Pursuant to the Lease, the City is required to secure and maintain (or cause to be secured and maintained) at all times with insurers of recognized responsibility or through a program of self-insurance (which may include risk sharing pools), insurance coverage on the Property as specified in the Lease, including (1) "all risk" insurance against loss or damage to the Property (excluding damage caused by earthquake and flood), (2) general liability coverage against claims for damages including death, personal injury, bodily injury or property damage arising from operations involving the Property, with a combined single limit of not less than \$2,000,000 per occurrence (or such greater amount as may from time to time be recommended by the City's risk management officer or an independent insurance consultant retained by the City for that purpose); provided, however, that the City's obligations under this clause (2) may be satisfied by self-insurance, (3) workers' compensation insurance to cover all persons employed by the City in connection with the Property and to cover liability for compensation under the California Labor Code or any act supplemental thereto or in lieu thereof; provided, however, that the City's obligations under this clause (3) may be satisfied by self-insurance, (4) rental interruption insurance to cover loss, total or partial, of the use of any Component of the Property as a result of any of the hazards covered by the "all risk" insurance described above, covering a period of 24 months, in an amount equal to two times the then-applicable Reserve Requirement, and (5) a CLTA policy or policies of title insurance for the Property in an amount not less than the initial aggregate principal amount of the Bonds. Pursuant to the Lease, all policies or certificates issued by the respective insurers for insurance, with the exception of workers' compensation insurance, are required to provide that such policies or certificates shall not be cancelled or materially changed without at least 30 days prior written notice to the Trustee. See "APPENDIX A – SUMMARY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF PRINCIPAL LEGAL DOCUMENTS – LEASE – Insurance."

Investment of Moneys

Amounts on deposit in any fund or account held pursuant to the Trust Agreement will be invested in Permitted Investments, subject to the conditions provided for in the Trust Agreement. All investment earnings on moneys on deposit in the Rebate Fund shall be retained therein and all investment earnings on moneys on deposit in any fund or account held under the Trust Agreement will be transferred to the Debt Service Fund, subject to the obligation of the City and/or the Authority to maintain the Reserve Fund at the Reserve Requirement and to rebate certain amounts to the United States government as required under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. See "APPENDIX A — Summary of Certain Provisions of Principal Legal Documents – Trust Agreement."

[BOND INSURANCE]

[The following information has been furnished by the Bond Insurer for use in this Official Statement. No representation is made by the Authority or the Underwriter as to the accuracy or completeness of the information. Reference is made to Appendix F for a specimen of the Bond Insurance Policy.]

[TO FOLLOW, IF APPLICABLE]

RISK FACTORS

Investment in the Bonds involves risks that may not be appropriate for certain investors. The following is a discussion of certain risk factors that should be considered, in addition to other matters set forth herein, in evaluating the Bonds for investment. The information set forth below does not purport to be an exhaustive listing of the risks and other considerations that may be relevant to an investment in the Bonds. In addition, the order in which the following information is presented is not intended to reflect the relative importance of any such risks.

Bonds are Limited Obligations

The Bonds are limited obligations of the Authority payable solely from and secured solely by the Base Rental payments and amounts held in certain funds and accounts established under the Trust Agreement. Neither the full faith and credit nor the taxing power of City, the County, the State, or any political subdivision of the State is pledged to the payment of the Bonds. The Authority has no taxing power. The obligation of the City to make Base Rental payments under the Lease does not constitute an obligation of the City for which the City is obligated to levy or pledge any form of taxation or for which the City has levied or pledged any form of taxation. Neither the Bonds nor the obligation of the City to make Base Rental payments constitutes an indebtedness of the Authority, the City, the County, the State, or any political subdivision of the State, within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory debt limitation or restriction.

The obligation of the City to make Base Rental payments is in consideration of the right of the City to continued use and occupancy of the Property. In the event of substantial interference with the City's use and occupancy of the Property, the obligation of the City to make Base Rental payments may be abated in whole or in part as described herein. See "RISK FACTORS – Abatement."

Availability of Moneys for Base Rental Payments

The City's Base Rental payments and other payments due under the Lease (including insurance, payment of costs of improvements, repair, and maintenance of the Property, and taxes and other governmental charges and assessments levied against the Property) are not secured by any pledge of any form of taxation or revenues of the City but are payable from any funds lawfully available to the City. Additionally, the City may pledge such revenues to other obligations or purposes in the future, thus making them unavailable as a source of payment of the Base Rental. In the event the City's revenue sources are less than its total obligations, the City could choose to fund other City services or obligations prior to making Base Rental payments. The same result could occur if, because of California Constitutional limits on expenditures, the City is not permitted to appropriate and spend all of its available revenues. See "CONSTITUTIONAL AND STATUTORY LIMITATIONS ON TAXES AND APPROPRIATIONS – Article XIII B of the California Constitution: Limits on Appropriations" and "APPENDIX C – City of Oxnard Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010."

Limited Recourse on Default

If the City defaults on its obligations to make Base Rental payments with respect to the Property, the Trustee has the right to re-enter and re-let the Property. In the event such re-letting occurs, the City would be liable for any deficiency in Base Rental payments that results therefrom. See "APPENDIX A – SUMMARY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF PRINCIPAL LEGAL DOCUMENTS – LEASE."

No assurance can be given, however, that the Trustee will be able to re-let the Property so as to provide rental income sufficient to pay principal of and interest on the Bonds in a timely manner. The Trustee is not empowered to sell a fee simple interest in the Property for the benefit of the owners of the Bonds. It is not certain whether a court would permit the exercise of the remedies of repossession and re-letting with respect thereto. Any suit for money damages would be subject to limitations on legal remedies against cities in California, including a limitation on enforcement of judgments against funds needed to serve the public welfare and interest.

Abatement

Except to the extent of amounts held in the Reserve Fund or otherwise available to the Trustee for payments with respect to the Bonds, the obligation of the City to make Base Rental payments will be abated proportionately during any period which by reason of any damage or destruction or taking by eminent domain or by condemnation there is substantial interference with the City's right to use and occupy the Property, such that the resulting payments of Base Rental represent fair rental value for the right of use and possession of the item or portion of the Property not damaged, destroyed, or taken. Such abatement would continue for the period commencing with such damage, destruction, or taking and ending with the substantial completion of the replacement, repair, or reconstruction permitting use and occupancy by the City. In the event of any such damage, destruction, or taking, the Lease will continue in full force and effect and the City has waived any right to terminate the Lease by virtue of any such damage or destruction or taking. The Trustee cannot terminate the Lease in the event of such damage, destruction, or taking.

In the event the Property is not repaired or replaced during the period that proceeds of the City's rental interruption insurance are available in lieu of related Base Rental payments (the City has covenanted to maintain rental interruption insurance covering a period of 24 months in an amount equal to two times the then-applicable Reserve Requirement, except no such insurance must be maintained for damage or destruction due to or caused by flood or earthquake) plus the period for which funds are

available from the Reserve Fund, or in the event that casualty insurance proceeds or condemnation award proceeds are insufficient to provide for complete repair of the Property, as the case may be, there could be insufficient funds to cover payments to Owners in full. See "APPENDIX A – Summary of Certain Provisions of Principal Legal Documents – Lease."

The obligation of the City to make Base Rental payments shall also be abated permanently in connection with any extraordinary redemption of Bonds in part in connection with any sale, lease, or other transfer of a portion of the 2009 Project or any use of a portion of the 2009 Project in the trade or business of any nongovernmental persons. See " – Sale of 2009 Project Component of Property; Extraordinary Redemption of Bonds; Abatement" below and "THE BONDS – Redemption of Bonds -- Extraordinary Redemption upon the Sale or Nongovernmental Use of the 2009 Project."

Sale of 2009 Project Component of Property; Extraordinary Redemption of Bonds; Abatement

One of the Components of the Property is the approximately four acres of the 2009 Project that is developed as a football field and locker facilities. See "THE PROPERTY." At any time while the Bonds are Outstanding, the City may determine to sell, lease, or otherwise transfer all or any portion of the 2009 Project that does not constitute a portion of the 2009 Project or permit the use of all or any part of such portion of the 2009 Project in the trade or business of nongovernmental persons. In addition, the Lease permits the City, at any time during the term of the Lease, to sell, lease, or otherwise transfer all or any portion of the 2009 Project constituting a Component of the Property or permit the use of all or any portion of such Component of the Property in the trade or business of nongovernmental persons. The Lease requires, however, that that, in connection with any sale or nongovernmental use of any portion of the 2009 Project (including, without limitation, the portion of the 2009 Project constituting a Component of the Property), all or a portion of the Bonds, in an amount determined as necessary by the City after consultation with Bond Counsel in order to maintain the exclusion from gross income of interest on the Bonds, must be redeemed pursuant to the Trust Agreement. See "THE BONDS – Redemption of Bonds -- Extraordinary Redemption upon the Sale or Nongovernmental Use of the 2009 Project."

In connection with any such extraordinary redemption of Bonds in part pursuant to the Trust Agreement, Base Rental and Additional Rental payments due under the Lease shall be permanently abated and the City shall acquire from the Authority, free and clear of the Authority's rights under the Lease, the Component of the Property comprising a portion of the 2009 Project. If necessary, a new Component shall be substituted in accordance with the Lease for the Component of the Property comprising a portion of the 2009 Project; provided, however, that the required amount of the fair rental value of any such new Component shall take into account the fair rental value of the other remaining Component of the Property and be based upon the amount of Base Rental and Additional Rental payments, as abated after such extraordinary redemption of Bonds in part pursuant to the Trust Agreement. See " – Substitution of Property" below. The Lease shall terminate in connection with any extraordinary redemption of all Outstanding Bonds pursuant to the Trust Agreement. The Lease requires the City to transfer to the Trustee for deposit into the Debt Service Fund held by the Trustee under the Trust Agreement all legally available funds necessary to effectuate any such extraordinary redemption of Bonds in whole or in part pursuant to the Trust Agreement. See "APPENDIX A – Summary of Certain Provisions of Principal Legal Documents – Lease."

Substitution of Property

The Lease provides that, upon satisfaction of certain conditions, the City may substitute other real property for one or more of the Components. See "APPENDIX A – Summary of Certain Provisions of Principal Legal Documents – Lease." Although the Lease requires that the substitute property have an annual fair rental value at least equal to the annual fair rental value of the Component being substituted,

the Lease does not require that the substituted property be of any particular type. Consequently, upon the occurrence of an event of default under the Lease, a substituted Component could be more difficult to re-let than the original Component.

No Acceleration Upon Default

In the event of a default in the payment of the Base Rental or the Bonds, there is no available remedy of acceleration of the Bonds or of the total Base Rental payments due over the term of the Lease. The City will only be liable for Base Rental payments on an annual basis and the Trustee would be required to seek a separate judgment in each Fiscal Year for that Fiscal Year's Base Rental payments.

Seismic Activity; Flood Zone

The Lease does not require the City to maintain earthquake insurance on the Property. The City area, however, along with much of the State, shares a history of seismic activity and is thus listed as a "Zone 4" earthquake area in the Uniform Building Code. A Zone 4 designation has the most restrictive design requirements for new construction. The City standards for development, to which the Components of the Property were subject, have been designed to reduce the risk to the public and adequately mitigate seismic hazards.

There are no known major earthquake faults within the boundaries of the City; however, there are several faults, including the San Andreas Fault and the San Gabriel Fault, that are considered active faults and that are located within a radius of approximately 50 miles from the City. Activity along these faults could potentially result in damage to the buildings, roads, bridges, and property within the City, including the Property, in the event of a major earthquake.

If a major earthquake were to occur, it may substantially damage or destroy all or a portion of the Property, which could result in abatement of the Base Rental payments and, in turn, a default in the payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds. The chance that the occurrence of severe seismic activity in the area of the Property could result in substantial damage and interference with the City's right to use all or a portion of the Property, and thereby result in an abatement of the Base Rental payments and a default in the payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds, is mitigated by the development standards discussed above.

The Property is located in a flood insurance rate zone designated by the Federal Emergency Management Agency ("FEMA") as "Zone C." According to FEMA, Zones B, C, and X refer to flood insurance rate zones that are not within the 100-year floodplain and are therefore not considered to pose a flood hazard. Consequently, no flood insurance has been or will be obtained by the City with respect to the Property. The term "100-year flood" refers to the flood elevation that has a one percent chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year. A base flood may also be referred to as a "100-year storm" and the area inundated during the base flood is sometimes called the "100-year floodplain." The 100-year flood, which is the standard used by most federal and state agencies, is used by the National Flood Insurance Program as the standard for floodplain management and to determine the need for flood insurance.

Bankruptcy

In addition to the limitation on remedies contained in the Trust Agreement, the rights and remedies provided in the Trust Agreement and Lease may be limited by and are subject to the provisions of federal bankruptcy laws, as now or hereafter enacted, and to other laws or equitable principles that may affect the enforcement of creditors' rights.

Under Chapter 9 of the Bankruptcy Code (Title 11, United States Code), which governs the bankruptcy proceedings for public agencies such as the City, there are no involuntary petitions in bankruptcy. If the City were to file a petition under Chapter 9 of the Bankruptcy Code, the Owners, the Trustee, and the Authority could be prohibited from taking any steps to enforce their rights under the Lease, and from taking any steps to collect amounts due from the City under the Lease.

Loss of Tax Exemption

As discussed under the caption "TAX MATTERS," interest on the Bonds could become includable in gross income for purposes of federal income taxation retroactive to the date the Bonds were issued as a result of acts or omissions of the Authority or the City in violation of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. Should such an event of taxability occur, the Bonds are not subject to acceleration or special redemption and will remain outstanding until maturity or until redeemed in accordance with the provisions of the Trust Agreement.

Economic, Political, Social, and Environmental Conditions

Prospective investors are encouraged to evaluate current and prospective economic, political, social, and environmental conditions as part of an informed investment decision. Changes in economic, political, social, or environmental conditions on a local, state, federal, or international level may adversely affect investment risk generally. Such conditional changes may include (but are not limited to) the reduction or elimination of previously available State or federal revenues, fluctuations in business production, consumer prices, or financial markets, unemployment rates, technological advancements, shortages or surpluses in natural resources or energy supplies, changes in law, social unrest, fluctuations in the crime rate, political conflict, acts of war or terrorism, environmental damage and natural disasters.

CONSTITUTIONAL AND STATUTORY LIMITATIONS ON TAXES AND APPROPRIATIONS

Article XIII A of the California Constitution

Section 1(a) of Article XIII A of the California Constitution ("Article XIII A") limits the maximum *ad valorem* tax on real property to one percent (1%) of full cash value (as defined in Section 2 of Article XIII A), to be collected by each county and apportioned among the county and other public agencies and funds according to law. Section 1(b) of Article XIII A provides that the 1% limitation does not apply to *ad valorem* taxes to pay interest or redemption charges on (a) indebtedness approved by the voters prior to July 1, 1978, (b) any bonded indebtedness for the acquisition or improvement of real property approved on or after July 1, 1978, by two-thirds of the votes cast by the voters voting on the proposition, or (c) bonded indebtedness incurred by a school district or a community college district for the construction, reconstruction, rehabilitation, or replacement of school facilities or the acquisition or lease of real property for school facilities, approved by 55% of the voters of the district, but only if certain accountability measures are included in the proposition. Section 2 of Article XIII A defines "full cash value" to mean "the County Assessor's valuation of real property as shown on the 1975/76 tax bill under full cash value or, thereafter, the appraised value of real property when purchased, newly constructed, or a change in ownership has occurred after the 1975 assessment." The full cash value may be adjusted annually to reflect inflation at a rate not to exceed 2% per year or to reflect a reduction in the consumer price index or comparable data for the area under the taxing jurisdiction, or reduced in the event of declining property values caused by substantial damage, destruction, or other factors.

Legislation enacted by the State Legislature to implement Article XIII A provides that notwithstanding any other law, local agencies may not levy any *ad valorem* property tax that exceeds the 1% limitation imposed by Article XIII A except to pay debt service on indebtedness approved by the

voters as described above. In addition, legislation enacted by the California Legislature to implement Article XIII A provides that all taxable property is shown at full assessed value as described above. Prior to fiscal year 1981-82, assessed valuations were reported at 25% of the full value of the property. In conformity with this procedure, all taxable property value included in this Official Statement (except as noted) is shown at 100% of assessed value and all general tax rates reflect the \$1 per \$100 of taxable value. Tax rates for voter-approved bonded indebtedness and pension liability are also applied to 100% of assessed value.

In the June 1990 election, the voters of the State approved amendments to Article XIII A permitting the State Legislature to extend the replacement dwelling provisions applicable to persons over 55 to severely disabled homeowners for a replacement dwelling purchased or newly constructed on or after June 5, 1990, and to exclude from the definition of "new construction" triggering reassessment improvements to certain dwellings for the purpose of making the dwelling more accessible to severely disabled persons. In the November 1990 election, the voters of the State approved an amendment of Article XIII A to permit the State Legislature to exclude from the definition of "new construction" seismic retrofitting improvements or improvements utilizing earthquake hazard mitigation technologies constructed or installed in existing buildings after November 6, 1990. Since 1990, the voters have approved several other minor exemptions from the reassessment provisions of Article XIII A.

Future assessed valuation growth allowed under Article XIII A (new construction, change of ownership, 2% annual value growth) will be allocated among the jurisdictions that serve the tax rate area within which the growth occurs. Local agencies and school districts will share the growth of revenue from the tax rate area. Each year's growth allocation becomes part of each agency's allocation the following year. Article XIII A effectively prohibits the levying of any other *ad valorem* property tax above the 1% limit except for taxes to support indebtedness approved by the voters as described above.

Article XIII B of the California Constitution

On November 6, 1979, California voters approved Proposition 4, the so-called Gann Initiative, which added Article XIII B to the California Constitution ("Article XIII B"). In June 1990, Article XIII B was amended by the voters through their approval of Proposition 111. Article XIII B of the California Constitution limits the annual appropriations of the State and of any city, county, school district, authority, or other political subdivision of the State to the level of appropriations for the prior fiscal year, as adjusted annually for changes in the cost of living, population and cost of services rendered by the governmental entity. The "base year" for establishing such appropriation limit is fiscal year 1978-79. Increases in appropriations by a governmental entity are also permitted (i) if financial responsibility for providing services is transferred to the governmental entity or (ii) for emergencies so long as the appropriations limits for the three years following the emergency are reduced to prevent any aggregate increase above the Constitutional limit. Decreases are required where responsibility for providing services is transferred from the government entity.

Appropriations of an entity of local government subject to Article XIII B include generally any authorization to expend during the fiscal year the proceeds of taxes levied by the State or other entity of local government, exclusive of certain State subventions, refunds of taxes, benefit payments from retirement, unemployment insurance and disability insurance funds. Appropriations subject to limitation pursuant to Article XIII B do not include debt service on indebtedness existing or legally authorized as of January 1, 1979, on bonded indebtedness thereafter approved according to law by a vote of the electors of the issuing entity voting in an election for such purpose, appropriations required to comply with mandates of courts or the federal government, appropriations for qualified capital outlay projects, and appropriations by the State of revenues derived from any increase in gasoline taxes and motor vehicle weight fees above January 1, 1990 levels. "Proceeds of taxes" include, but are not limited to, all tax

revenues and the proceeds to any entity of government from (i) regulatory licenses, user charges, and user fees to the extent such proceeds exceed the cost of providing the service or regulation, (ii) the investment of tax revenues, and (iii) certain State subventions received by local governments. Article XIII B includes a requirement that if an entity's revenues in any year exceed the amount permitted to be spent, the excess must be returned by revising tax rates or fee schedules over the subsequent two fiscal years.

Proposition 111

In June 1990, the voters of the State approved Proposition 111, which amended the method of calculating State and local appropriations limits. As amended in June 1990, the appropriations limit for an entity of local government in each year is based on the limit for the prior year, adjusted annually for changes in the costs of living and changes in population, and adjusted, where applicable, for transfer of financial responsibility of providing services to or from another unit of government. The "change in the cost of living," with respect to an entity of local government other than a school district or a community college district is, at such entity of local government's option, either (A) the change in the California per capita personal income ("CPCPI") from the preceding year, or (B) the change in the local assessment roll from the preceding year for the jurisdiction due to the addition of local nonresidential new construction, as selected annually by such entity of local government by a recorded vote of such entity's governing body. Previously, the lower of the CPCPI or the United States Consumer Price Index was used. The "change in population" for a local agency for a calendar year for each city and county, means the change in population between January 1 of the next calendar year and January 1 of the calendar year in question, as estimated by the State Department of Finance pursuant to Section 2227 of the California Revenue and Taxation Code, for either (A) within its own jurisdiction, or (B) for a city only, within the county in which the city is located. Previously, a city only could use the change of population within its own jurisdiction. Each city shall select its change in population annually by a recorded vote of the governing body of the City.

As amended by Proposition 111, the appropriations limit is tested over consecutive two-year periods. Any excess of the aggregate "proceeds of taxes" received by the City over such two-year period above the combined appropriations limits for those two years is to be returned to taxpayers by reductions in tax rates or fee schedules over the subsequent two years.

Proposition 111 also recomputed the appropriations limit for the fiscal year by adjusting the fiscal year 1986-87 limit by the CPCPI for the three subsequent years. Proposition 111 also excluded appropriation for "all qualified capital outlay Expansion Projects, as defined by the Legislature" from the definition of "appropriations subject to limitation."

Article XIII B allows voters to approve a temporary waiver of a government's Article XIII B limit. Such a waiver is often referred to as a "Gann limit waiver." The length of any such waiver is limited to four years. The Gann limit waiver does not provide any additional revenues to the City or allow the City to finance additional services.

Base Rental and Additional Rental payments are subject to the Article XIII B appropriations limitations. According to the City's audited financial statements for Fiscal Year 2009-10, the City calculated its appropriations limit for Fiscal Year 2010-11 at [CITY TO COMPLETE:] \$_____. For Fiscal Year 2010-11, the City has budgeted its appropriations limit at \$_____. The City's appropriations have never exceeded the limitation on appropriations under Article XIII B of the California Constitution. The impact of the appropriations limit on the City's financial needs in the future is unknown.

Articles XIIIIC and XIIID of the California Constitution

On November 5, 1996, the voters of the State approved Proposition 218, known as the "Right to Vote on Taxes Act." Proposition 218 added Article XIIIIC ("Article XIIIIC") and Article XIIID ("Article XIIID") to the California Constitution, which contain a number of provisions affecting the ability of the City to levy and collect both existing and future taxes, assessments, fees and charges. The interpretation and application of certain provisions of Proposition 218 will ultimately be determined by the courts with respect to some of the matters discussed below. It is not possible at this time to predict with certainty the future impact of such interpretations. The provisions of Proposition 218, as so interpreted and applied, may affect the City's ability to meet certain obligations.

Article XIIIIC requires that all new local taxes be submitted to the electorate before they become effective. Taxes for general governmental purposes require a majority vote and taxes for specific purposes, even if deposited in a general fund such as the City's General Fund, require a two-thirds vote. Article XIIIIC further provides that any general purpose tax imposed, extended, or increased, without voter approval, after December 31, 1994, may continue to be imposed only if approved by a majority vote in an election which must be held within two years of November 5, 1996. The City has not so imposed, extended or increased any such taxes which are currently in effect.

Article XIIIIC also expressly extends the initiative power to give voters the power to reduce or repeal local taxes, assessments, fees and charges, regardless of the date such taxes, assessments, fees and charges were imposed. Article XIIIIC expands the initiative power to include reducing or repealing assessments, fees and charges, which had previously been considered administrative rather than legislative matters and therefore beyond the initiative power. This extension of the initiative power is not limited by the terms of Article XIIIIC to fees imposed after November 6, 1996, and absent other legal authority could result in the retroactive reduction in any existing taxes, assessments, or fees and charges. No assurance can be given that the voters of the City will not, in the future, approve initiatives which reduce or repeal, or prohibit the future imposition or increase of, local taxes, assessments, fees or charges currently comprising a substantial part of the City's General Fund. "Assessments," "fees" and "charges" are not defined in Article XIIIIC, and it is unclear whether these terms are intended to have the same meanings for purposes of Article XIIIIC as for Article XIIID described below. If not, the scope of the initiative power under Article XIIIIC potentially could include any General Fund local tax, assessment, or fee not received from or imposed by the federal or State government or derived from investment income.

The City does not levy any property related "fees" or "charges" that it considers subject to challenge under Article XIIIIC.

The voter approval requirements of Proposition 218 reduce the flexibility of the City to raise revenues for the General Fund, and no assurance can be given that the City will be able to impose, extend or increase such taxes in the future to meet increased expenditure needs.

Article XIIID also added several new provisions relating to how local agencies may levy and maintain "assessments" for municipal services and programs. These provisions include, among other things, (i) a prohibition against assessments which exceed the reasonable cost of the proportional special benefit conferred on a parcel, (ii) a requirement that the assessment must confer a "special benefit," as defined in Article XIIID, over and above any general benefits conferred, and (iii) a majority protest procedure which involves the mailing of a notice and a ballot to the record owner of each affected parcel, a public hearing and the tabulation of ballots weighted according to the proportional financial obligation of the affected party. "Assessment" in Article XIIID is defined to mean any levy or charge upon real property for a special benefit conferred upon the real property and applies to landscape and maintenance assessments for open space areas, street medians, street lights and parks. The City has followed all of the

requirements of Article XIID in connection with the formation of all of its existing landscape and lighting districts through which it has financed open space areas, street medians, street lights and parks, and intends to continue such compliance.

In addition, Article XIID added several provisions affecting "fees" and "charges," defined for purposes of Article XIID to mean "any levy other than an *ad valorem* tax, a special tax, or an assessment, imposed by a [local government] upon a parcel or upon a person as an incident of property ownership, including a user fee or charge for a property related service." All new and existing property related fees and charges must conform to requirements prohibiting, among other things, fees and charges which (i) generate revenues exceeding the funds required to provide the property related service, (ii) are used for any purpose other than those for which the fees and charges are imposed, (iii) are for a service not actually used by, or immediately available to, the owner of the property in question, or (iv) are used for general governmental services, including police, fire, ambulance, or library services, where the service is available to the public at large in substantially the same manner as it is to property owners. Depending on the interpretation of what constitutes a "property related fee" under Article XIID, there could be future restrictions on the ability of the City's General Fund to charge its enterprise funds for various services provided. Further, before any property related fee or charge may be imposed or increased, written notice must be given to the record owner of each parcel of land affected by such fee or charge. The City must then hold a hearing upon the proposed imposition or increase, and if written protests against the proposal are presented by a majority of the owners of the identified parcels, the City may not impose or increase the fee or charge. Moreover, except for fees or charges for wastewater, water and refuse collection services, or fees for electrical and gas service, which are not treated as "property related" for purposes of Article XIID, no property related fee or charge may be imposed or increased without majority approval by the property owners subject to the fee or charge or, at the option of the local agency, two-thirds voter approval by the electorate residing in the affected area.

Proposition 62

A statutory initiative ("Proposition 62") was adopted by the voters of the State at the November 4, 1986 general election which (a) requires that any tax for general governmental purposes imposed by local governmental entities be approved by resolution or ordinance adopted by two-thirds vote of the governmental agency's legislative body and by a majority of the electorate of the governmental entity, (b) requires that any special tax (defined as taxes levied for other than general governmental purposes) imposed by a local governmental entity be approved by a two-thirds vote of the voters within the jurisdiction, (c) restricts the use of revenues from a special tax to the purposes or for the service for which the special tax is imposed, (d) prohibits the imposition of *ad valorem* taxes on real property by local governmental entities except as permitted by Article XIII A, (e) prohibits the imposition of transaction taxes and sales taxes on the sale of real property by local governmental entities, and (f) requires that any tax imposed by a local governmental entity on or after August 1, 1985 be ratified by a majority vote of the electorate within two years of the adoption of the initiative or be terminated by November 15, 1988. The requirements imposed by Proposition 62 were generally upheld by the California Supreme Court in Santa Clara County Local Transportation Authority v. Guardino, 11 Ca1.4th 220; 45 Cal .Rptr.2d 207 (1995).

Proposition 62 applies to the imposition of any taxes or the effecting of any tax increases after its enactment in 1986, but the requirements of Proposition 62 are subsumed by the requirements of Proposition 218 for the imposition of any taxes or the effecting of any tax increases after November 5, 1996. See " - Articles XIIC and XIID of the California Constitution" above.

The City has not imposed any taxes or effected any tax increases after the enactment of Proposition 62 in 1986 and prior to the effective date of Proposition 218 on November 5, 1996, other than special taxes that were approved by a vote of two-thirds of the applicable electorate.

Future Initiatives

Article XIII A, Article XIII B, Article XIII C, and Article XIII D, and Propositions 62, 111, and 218, were each adopted as measures that qualified for the ballot pursuant to California's constitutional initiative process. From time to time other initiative measures could be adopted, affecting the ability of the City to increase revenues and to increase appropriations.

THE AUTHORITY

The Authority is a joint exercise of powers entity duly organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of California pursuant to a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement, dated as of October 8, 1991, as amended on April 21, 1992, by and among the City, the Oxnard Community Development Commission (as successor to the Redevelopment Agency of the City of Oxnard), and the Housing Authority of the City of Oxnard. The Authority was created to finance the cost of any capital improvement, working capital, or liability and other insurance needs, or projects wherever there are significant public benefits, as determined by the City.

The Authority is governed by a five-member Governing Board. The current members of the Board, who are the members of the City Council, are listed below:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Office</u>
Dr. Thomas E. Holden	Chairman
Dr. Irene G. Pinkard	Vice Chair
Bryan A. MacDonald	Board Member
Timothy Flynn	Board Member
Carmen Ramirez	Board Member

The Authority is also served by the officers listed below who, in the case of the Authority Controller and General Counsel, serve in these capacities by virtue of their duties as Chief Financial Officer and City Attorney, respectively or, in the case of the Authority Secretary, is appointed by the Board and serves at the pleasure of the Board. The officers of the Authority are listed below:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Position</u>
James Cameron	Controller
Michael More	Assistant Controller
Alan Holmberg	General Counsel
Daniel Martinez	Secretary

Neither the Authority nor its Board members have any obligations or liability to the Owners of the Bonds with respect to the payment of Base Rental by the City under the Lease, or with respect to the performance of the City of other covenants made by it in the Lease.

THE PROPERTY

The Property is comprised of two separate Components located within the City. The first Component is a building located at 214 South "C" Street and 360 West Second Street, which building

currently encompasses approximately 37,000 square feet of floor space and houses a development permit center and the Fire Department Administration. The building was completed in April 2008. Its insured value, as estimated by the City, is approximately \$21,000,000.

The second Component is the approximately four acres of the 2009 Project that is developed as a football field and locker facilities. [REVISE:] Its [appraised/insured] value, as estimated by the City, is \$_____.

TAX MATTERS

Bond Counsel Opinion

In the opinion of Goodwin Procter LLP, Los Angeles, California, Bond Counsel to the Authority, based upon an analysis of existing laws, regulations, rulings, and judicial decisions and assuming, among other matters, the accuracy of certain representations and compliance with certain covenants and requirements, interest on the Bonds is excluded from gross income for United States federal income tax purposes under Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), and is exempt from State of California personal income taxes. Bond Counsel is further of the opinion that interest on the Bonds is not a specific preference item for purposes of the United States federal individual or corporate alternative minimum taxes, although Bond Counsel expresses no opinion regarding whether such interest is included in adjusted current earnings in calculating corporate alternative minimum taxable income. A copy of the proposed form of opinion of Bond Counsel with respect to the Bonds is set forth in Appendix D attached hereto and will accompany the Bonds.

The Code imposes various restrictions, conditions, and requirements relating to the exclusion from gross income for United States federal income tax purposes of interest received by persons such as the Owners of the Bonds. The Authority has made certain representations and covenanted to comply with certain restrictions, conditions, and requirements designed to assure that interest on the Bonds will not be included in gross income for United States federal income tax purposes. Inaccuracy of these representations or failure to comply with those covenants may result in interest on the Bonds being included in gross income for United States federal income tax purposes, possibly from the date of issuance of the Bonds. The opinion of Bond Counsel assumes the accuracy of these representations and compliance with those covenants. Bond Counsel has not undertaken to determine (or to inform any person) whether any actions taken (or not taken) or events occurring (or not occurring) after the date of issuance of the Bonds may adversely affect the tax status of interest on the Bonds.

Bond Counsel has not undertaken to advise in the future whether any events after the date of issuance of the Bonds may affect the United States federal or State tax status of interest on the Bonds or the tax consequences of ownership of the Bonds. No assurance can be given that future legislation, including amendments to the Code or interpretations thereof, if enacted into law, will not contain provisions that could directly or indirectly reduce the benefit of the excludability of the interest on the Bonds from gross income for United States federal income tax purposes.

Although Bond Counsel has rendered an opinion that interest on the Bonds is excluded from gross income for United States federal and State personal income tax purposes, a U.S. holder's United States federal and State tax liability may otherwise be affected by the ownership or disposition of the Bonds. The nature and extent of such other tax consequences will depend upon the U.S. holder's particular circumstances, including other items of income or deduction. Bond Counsel has expressed no opinion regarding any such other tax consequences. Accordingly, before purchasing any of the Bonds, all potential purchasers should consult their tax advisors concerning collateral tax consequences with respect to the Bonds.

Risk of Audit by Internal Revenue Service

The Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS") has an ongoing program of auditing tax-exempt obligations to determine whether, in the view of the IRS, interest on such tax-exempt obligations is includable in the gross income of the Owners thereof for United States federal income tax purposes. No assurances can be given as to whether or not the IRS will commence an audit of the Bonds. If an audit is commenced, under current procedures the IRS is likely to treat the Authority as the taxpayer and the Owners of the Bonds may have no right to participate in such procedure.

Bond Counsel's opinion represents its legal judgment based upon its review of existing law, regulations, rulings, judicial decisions, and other authorities, and upon the covenants and representations of the parties and such other facts as it has deemed relevant to render such opinion, and is not a guarantee of a result. Bond Counsel is not obligated to defend the tax-exempt status of the Bonds. Neither the Authority nor Bond Counsel is responsible to pay or reimburse the costs of any Owner with respect to any audit or litigation relating to the Bonds.

Original Issue Discount and Premium

If the Bonds' "stated redemption price at maturity" (generally the sum of all payments required under the Bonds other than payments of stated interest payable at least annually over the term of such Bonds) exceeds their issue price by more than a de minimis amount, the difference constitutes "original issue discount" or "OID" the accrual of which, to the extent properly allocable to each Owner thereof, is treated as interest on the Bonds that is excluded from gross income for United States federal income tax purposes. OID with respect to any maturity of the Bonds accrues daily over the term to maturity of such Bonds on the basis of a constant interest rate compounded semiannually (with straight-line interpolations between compounding dates). Any accruing OID is added to the adjusted basis of such Bonds to determine taxable gain or loss upon disposition (including sale, redemption, or payment on maturity) of such Bonds. U.S. holders of the Bonds should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the tax consequences of ownership of Bonds with original issue discount.

In general, if the Bonds are issued for an amount greater than the stated principal amount of the Bonds, the Bonds will be considered to have "amortizable bond premium." No deduction is allowable for the amortizable bond premium in the case of bonds, like the Bonds, the interest on which is excluded from gross income for United States federal income tax purposes. However, the amount of tax-exempt interest received, and a U.S. holder's basis in a Bond issued with acquisition premium, would be reduced by the amount of amortizable bond premium properly allocable to such U.S. holder. U.S. holders of Bonds should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the proper treatment of amortizable bond premium in their particular circumstances.

Information Reporting and Backup Withholding

Information reporting requirements apply to interest on tax-exempt obligations, including the Bonds. In general, such requirements are satisfied if the interest recipient completes, and provides the payor, with a Form W-9 "Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification," or unless the recipient is one of a limited class of exempt recipients, including corporations. A recipient not otherwise exempt from information reporting who fails to satisfy the information reporting requirements will be subject to "backup withholding," which means that the payor is required to deduct and withhold a tax from the interest payment, calculated in the manner set forth in the Code. For the foregoing purpose, a "payor" generally refers to the person or entity from whom a recipient receives its payments of interest or who collects such payments on behalf of the recipient.

If an Owner purchasing a Bond through a brokerage account has executed a Form W-9 in connection with the establishment of such account, as generally can be expected, no backup withholding should occur. In any event, backup withholding does not affect excludability of the interest on the Bonds from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Any amounts withheld pursuant to backup withholding would be allowed as a refund or a credit against the Owner's federal income tax once the required information is furnished to the Internal Revenue Service.

RATINGS

[It is anticipated that S&P will assign a rating of “___” to the Bonds, with the understanding that, upon delivery of the Bonds, the Bond Insurer will issue the Bond Insurance Policy. In addition,] S&P has assigned an underlying municipal bond rating of “___” to the Bonds. Such ratings reflect only the views of the rating agency furnishing the same and any desired explanation of the significance of such ratings should be obtained from the rating agency at the following address: Standard & Poor's Ratings Services, 55 Water Street, New York, New York 10041. Generally, a rating agency bases its rating on the information and materials furnished to it and on investigations, studies, and assumptions of its own. There is no assurance such ratings will continue for any given period of time or that such ratings will not be revised downward or withdrawn entirely by the rating agency, if in the judgment of such rating agency, circumstances so warrant. Any such downward revision or withdrawal of the foregoing ratings may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Bonds.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

The Authority will covenant in the Continuing Disclosure Agreement to provide certain financial information and operating data relating to the City and the Authority and notices of certain events listed therein. Such information and notices will be filed by the Authority with the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board. The specific nature of the information to be provided is set forth in the Continuing Disclosure Agreement, a form of which is attached hereto as Appendix E. This covenant has been made in order to assist the Underwriter in complying with Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12(b)(5), as amended. The Authority has never failed to provide any previous continuing disclosure or notices of material events. See “APPENDIX E – Form of Continuing Disclosure Agreement.”

UNDERWRITING

The Bonds are being purchased by RBC Capital Markets, LLC (the “Underwriter”). The Underwriter has agreed to purchase the Bonds at a price of \$_____ (which represents the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds, less an Underwriter's discount of \$_____, [less/plus] a net original issue [discount/premium] of \$_____).

The contract of purchase pursuant to which the Bonds are being purchased by the Underwriter provides that the Underwriter will purchase all of the Bonds if any are purchased. The obligation of the Underwriter to make such purchase is subject to certain terms and conditions set forth in the contract of purchase.

The Underwriter may offer and sell the Bonds to certain dealers and others at prices or yields different from the prices or yields stated on the cover page of this Official Statement. In addition, the offering prices or yields may be changed from time to time by the Underwriters.

Although the Underwriter expects to maintain a secondary market in the Bonds after the initial offering, no guarantee can be made that such a market will develop or be maintained by the Underwriter or others.

FINANCIAL ADVISOR

First Southwest Company is employed as Financial Advisor to the Authority and the City in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. The Financial Advisor's fee for services rendered with respect to the sale of the Bonds is contingent upon the issuance and delivery of the Bonds. First Southwest Company, in its capacity as Financial Advisor, does not assume any responsibility for the information, covenants and representations contained in any of the legal documents with respect to the federal income tax status of the Bonds, or the possible impact of any present, pending, or future actions taken by any legislative or judicial bodies.

The Financial Advisor to the Authority and the City has provided the following sentence for inclusion in this Official Statement. The Financial Advisor has reviewed the information in this Official Statement in accordance with, and as part of, its responsibilities to the Authority and the City and, as applicable, to investors under the federal securities laws as applied to the facts and circumstances of this transaction, but the Financial Advisor does not guarantee the accuracy or completeness of such information.

LITIGATION

The City and the Authority will certify, and the City Attorney will render opinions on behalf of the City and the Authority upon the issuance of the Bonds to the effect that, there is no action, suit or proceeding known to the City or the Authority to be pending or threatened, restraining, or enjoining the execution or delivery of the Bonds, the Trust Agreement, the Lease, or the Property Lease, or in any way contesting or affecting the validity of the foregoing or any proceeding of the City or the Authority taken with respect to any of the foregoing or that will materially adversely affect the City's ability to pay Base Rental payments when due.

CERTAIN LEGAL MATTERS

Goodwin Procter LLP, Los Angeles, California, Bond Counsel, will render an opinion with respect to the Bonds in substantially the form set forth in Appendix D hereto. Copies of such opinion will be furnished to the Underwriter at the time of delivery of the Bonds. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the City and the Authority by the City Attorney and by Disclosure Counsel, Goodwin Procter LLP, Los Angeles, California, and for the Underwriter by Jones Hall, San Francisco, California.

MISCELLANEOUS

The purpose of this Official Statement is to supply information to prospective buyers of the Bonds. Quotations from and summaries and explanations of the Bonds and of statutes and documents contained in this Official Statement do not purport to be complete, and reference is made to such statutes and documents for full and complete statements of their provisions.

The preparation and distribution of this Official Statement have been authorized by the Authority and the City.

CITY OF OXNARD FINANCING AUTHORITY

By: _____
Controller

APPENDIX A

**SUMMARY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE
PRINCIPAL LEGAL DOCUMENTS**

The following is a brief summary of certain provisions of the Trust Agreement, the Lease, and the Property Lease. This summary does not purport to be complete and is qualified in its entirety by reference to said documents.

[TO FOLLOW]

APPENDIX B

GENERAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE CITY OF OXNARD

The Bonds do not constitute a general obligation debt of the City of Oxnard (the "City"), and the City has not pledged its full faith and credit or its taxing power to the repayment of the Bonds. The following information is presented for informational purposes only.

General

The City is located in western Ventura County (the "County") on the shore of the Pacific Ocean. The City is approximately 65 miles northwest of the City of Los Angeles, 35 miles south of the City of Santa Barbara, and 6 miles south of the county seat of the County. The City is the largest city in the County, with a population estimated at 197,899 in 2010, accounting for over 24% of the County's population. The City has a diversified economic base composed of agriculture and related business, retail, various services, and governmental agencies.

The City was incorporated as a general law city on June 30, 1903, and operates under a council-manager form of government. The City is governed by a five-member City Council elected at large for four-year alternating terms, with the exception of the Mayor, who is directly elected for a two-year term.

Population

The City's population has grown from approximately 177,700 people in 2001 to approximately 197,899 in 2010. The following table shows the approximate changes in population in the City, the County, the State, and the United States for the years 2001 through 2010.

**Population of
City, County, State, and United States
2000 through 2010 ⁽¹⁾**

<u>Year</u>	<u>City</u>	<u>County</u>	<u>State</u>	<u>United States</u>
2001	177,700	673,028	34,430,970	285,081,556
2002	182,027	689,788	35,063,959	287,803,914
2003	181,800	709,124	35,652,700	290,326,418
2004	186,122	730,875	36,199,342	293,045,739
2005	188,941	753,863	36,676,931	295,753,151
2006	189,990	777,664	37,087,005	298,593,212
2007	192,997	798,784	37,463,609	301,579,895
2008	194,905	815,023	37,871,509	304,374,846
2009	197,067	827,475	38,255,508	307,006,550
2010 ⁽²⁾	197,899	823,318	37,253,956	308,745,538

⁽¹⁾ Unless otherwise noted, estimates for City, County, and State are as of January 1, and for the United States are as of July 1.

⁽²⁾ Estimates for City, County, State, and United States are as of April 1, 2010.

Sources: For City: City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010; for State and County: California Department of Finance (Report E-4 Population Estimates for Cities, Counties and the State, 2001-2010, with 2000 Benchmark); for United States: United States Bureau of the Census.

Property Tax Rates

In June of 1978, California voters approved Proposition 13 (the Jarvis-Gann Initiative), which added Article XIII A to the California Constitution. Article XIII A limits ad valorem taxes on real property to 1% of the full cash value, plus taxes necessary to repay indebtedness approved by the voters prior to July 1, 1978. Voter-approved obligations of the City are comprised of an obligation of the City referred to as the "Public Safety Retirement Debt." The following table details the City's property tax rates for the last 10 fiscal years.

City of Oxnard Property Tax Rates Fiscal Years 2000 through 2010

<u>Year Ended June 30</u>	<u>Article XIII A Basic Tax Rate</u>	<u>City District (Public Safety Retirement Debt)</u>	<u>School Districts</u>	<u>Water Districts</u>	<u>Total Tax Rates</u>
2001	1.00%	0.17277%	0.11070%	0.06399%	1.34746%
2002	1.00	0.20417	0.10420	0.05690	1.36527
2003	1.00	0.21447	0.10790	0.05120	1.37357
2004	1.00	0.20384	0.09770	0.04476	1.34630
2005	1.00	0.19624	0.08410	0.04224	1.32258
2006	1.00	0.17614	0.09850	0.03691	1.31155
2007	1.00	0.16564	0.08220	0.03272	1.28056
2008	1.00	0.17864	0.10500	0.02922	1.31286
2009	1.00	0.19334	0.11160	0.01290	1.31784
2010	1.00	0.20384	0.11470	0.01290	1.33144

Source: City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010.

Property Tax Levies, Collections, and Delinquencies

The Ventura County Tax Collector collects ad valorem property tax levies representing taxes levied for each fiscal year on taxable real and personal property that is situated in the County as of the preceding March 1. Unsecured taxes are assessed and payable on March 1 and become delinquent August 31 in the next fiscal year. Accordingly, unsecured taxes are levied at the rate applicable to the fiscal year preceding the one in which they are paid.

One half of the secured tax levy is due November 1 and becomes delinquent December 10; the second installment is due February 1 and becomes delinquent April 10. A 10% penalty is added to any late installment.

Property owners may redeem property upon payment of delinquent taxes and penalties. Tax-delinquent properties are subject to a redemption penalty of 1½% of the delinquent amount every month commencing on July 1 following the date on which the property became tax-delinquent. Properties may be redeemed under an installment plan by paying current taxes, plus 20% of delinquent taxes each year for five years, with interest accruing at 1½% per month on the unpaid balance.

The following table details the City's property tax levies, collections, and delinquencies for the last 10 fiscal years.

**City of Oxnard
Property Tax Levies, Collections and Delinquencies
Fiscal Years 2001 through 2010**

<u>Year Ended June 30</u>	<u>Total Tax Levy</u>	<u>Current Tax Collections</u>	<u>Percent of Levy Collected</u>	<u>Delinquent Tax Collections</u>	<u>Total Tax Collections</u>	<u>Total Collections as a Percentage of Tax Levy</u>
2001	\$23,380,000	\$23,484,567	100.45%	\$ 90,164	\$23,574,731	100.83%
2002	25,900,000	25,718,029	99.30	284,711	26,002,740	100.40
2003	30,040,000	29,892,747	99.51	190,546	30,083,293	97.32
2004	35,432,169	35,281,916	99.58	344,390	35,626,306	99.99
2005	44,743,658	49,223,170	110.01	126,250	49,349,420	110.29
2006	54,511,910	58,537,770	107.39	132,403	58,670,173	107.63
2007	59,401,879	68,429,117	115.20	129,679	68,558,796	115.42
2008	69,931,705	75,726,668	108.29	121,075	75,847,743	108.46
2009	69,147,624	76,681,392	110.90	145,945	76,827,337	111.11
2010	75,929,128	71,755,189	94.50	136,565	71,891,754	94.68

Source: City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010.

Assessed Property Values

The following table details the assessed value of the real and personal property within the City for the last 10 fiscal years.

**City of Oxnard
Assessed Property Values
Fiscal Years 2001 through 2010**

<u>Year Ended June 30</u>	<u>Real Property</u>		<u>Personal Property</u>	<u>Less: Exemptions</u>	<u>Total Assessed Value</u>
	<u>Residential</u>	<u>Commercial</u>			
2001	\$ 5,378,551,952	\$2,267,262,765	\$ 97,930,553	\$ 846,810,724	\$ 6,896,934,546
2002	5,857,044,851	2,494,786,288	111,351,225	905,863,935	7,557,318,429
2003	6,420,500,506	2,673,117,741	124,301,084	1,110,078,014	8,107,841,317
2004	7,253,159,544	2,975,719,097	117,948,102	1,346,099,223	9,000,727,520
2005	8,168,388,379	3,341,067,161	114,301,049	1,537,114,090	10,086,642,499
2006	9,405,951,581	3,814,788,282	120,544,440	1,835,609,239	11,505,675,064
2007	10,689,026,776	4,312,067,166	147,705,238	2,126,175,049	13,022,624,131
2008	11,602,771,692	4,729,388,831	121,309,333	2,299,830,016	14,153,639,840
2009	11,762,899,574	4,861,610,331	130,760,465	2,692,759,267	14,062,511,103
2010	11,090,519,838	4,575,377,260	123,637,091	654,220,264	15,135,313,925

Source: City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010.

Principal Taxpayers

The following table lists the principal taxpayers in the City as of June 30, 2010.

City of Oxnard Principal Taxpayers

<u>Taxpayer</u>	<u>Assessed Valuation</u>	<u>Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation</u>
Procter & Gamble Paper Products	\$ 275,366,866	1.80%
Essex Tierra Vista Limited Partnership	82,755,356	0.54
Haas Automation Inc.	79,651,400	0.52
SI VIII LLC	77,910,667	0.51
GS Paz Mar LP	69,409,780	0.44
MEF Realty LLC	69,401,602	0.45
Fred Kavli	67,452,326	0.44
RP Apartment Ventures LLC	67,028,201	0.44
Duesenberg Investment Company	66,560,537	0.44
International Paper Company	61,533,100	0.40
Other Taxpayers	14,362,581,488	94.01
Totals	\$15,279,603,992	100.00% ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ Total may not add due to rounding.

Source: City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010.

Outstanding Debt

The City uses a variety of tax increment, revenue, and lease indebtedness to finance various capital acquisitions. The outstanding balances for indebtedness during the last 10 fiscal years are set forth in the following table:

City of Oxnard Outstanding Debt (Fiscal Years 2001 through 2010)

Year Ended June 30	Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities		Total Outstanding Debt
	Revenue Bonds	Certificates of Participation	Tax Allocation Bonds	Capital Leases	Revenue Bonds	Capital Leases	
2001	\$10,705,000	\$ 8,625,000	\$15,065,000	\$ 891,305	\$ 85,646,884	\$1,401,008	\$122,334,197
2002	9,080,000	8,440,000	14,475,000	604,201	88,945,000	1,215,752	122,759,953
2003	9,535,000	8,245,000	13,850,000	307,187	84,030,000	2,824,171	118,791,358
2004	22,874,301	8,045,000	19,185,000	1,729,354	214,035,699	2,916,139	268,785,493
2005	21,607,009	7,835,000	18,635,000	1,412,398	236,943,314	2,469,070	288,901,791
2006	19,975,756	7,620,000	18,030,000	1,086,013	298,559,567	2,010,676	347,282,012
2007	43,109,750	7,395,000	37,940,000	749,911	292,625,260	1,536,788	383,356,709
2008	41,746,367	34,835,000	37,040,000	493,471	286,428,643	4,603,874	405,147,355
2009	40,337,356	34,350,000	47,755,000	293,886	278,427,654	4,053,370	405,217,266
2010	38,877,717	33,600,000	46,475,000	1,436,151	370,257,293	3,632,411	494,278,572

Source: City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010.

Employment and Personal Income

The following table sets forth the unemployment rate, total personal income, and per capita income in the City during the past 10 fiscal years.

City and County Employment and Personal Income (Fiscal Years 2000-01 through 2009-10)

<u>Year Ended June 30</u>	<u>Unemployment Rate</u>	<u>Personal Income (in thousands)</u>	<u>Per Capita Income</u>
2001	4.90%	\$3,488,251	\$19,630
2002	5.20	3,599,948	19,777
2003	7.40	3,979,057	21,887
2004	5.60	4,207,288	22,605
2005	4.90	4,408,869	23,346
2006	4.00	4,652,855	24,490
2007	4.70	4,858,838	25,176
2008	6.10	5,166,932	26,510
2009	10.30	5,088,467	25,821
2010	10.60	3,707,181	18,829

Source: City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010.

Taxable Retail Sales

Consumer spending in calendar year 2009 resulted in \$1,856,434,000 in taxable sales in the City, which is approximately 14.3% below calendar year 2008. The following table sets forth information regarding taxable sales in the City for each type of business for calendar years 2005 through 2009.

City of Oxnard Taxable Retail Sales by Type of Business 2005 - 2009 (in thousands)

	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>
Motor Vehicles and Parts Dealers	\$ 535,695	\$ 500,410	\$ 463,496	\$ 372,288	\$ 306,123
Home Furnishings and Appliance Stores	103,361	96,648	89,654	114,394	140,752
Building Materials and Garden Equipment and Supplies	242,899	232,493	116,237	93,118	92,975
Food and Beverage Stores	88,779	92,362	101,283	94,066	94,150
Gasoline Stations	150,908	172,834	183,742	223,783	174,508
Clothing and Clothing Accessories Stores	52,493	53,269	53,950	58,524	74,067
General Merchandise Stores	318,237	332,808	333,691	317,481	264,085
Food Services and Drinking Places	170,252	178,192	184,228	185,258	181,251
Other Retail Group	231,290	234,260	283,043	189,550	108,148
Total Retail and Food Services	1,893,914	1,893,276	1,809,324	1,648,461	1,436,959
All Other Outlets	405,811	496,311	507,784	517,015	419,475
Total All Outlets	\$2,299,725	\$2,389,587	\$1,317,108	\$2,165,477	\$1,856,434

Source: California State Board of Equalization.

Transportation

Oxnard is served by all major modes of transportation. Both U.S. Highway 101 and State Highway 1 pass through the City, linking it with the Los Angeles metropolitan area and Santa Barbara County. Rail passenger service is provided by AMTRAK, which has a station in the City. Two trains daily pass through each direction and stop at the Oxnard station. Metrolink provides commuters from the

Oxnard Transportation Center with several daily routes to the Los Angeles basin, including downtown Los Angeles. Union Pacific Railroad provides freight rail service through the City. The Ventura County Railroad Company connects Port Hueneme, the Ormond Beach Industrial Area, the Naval Construction Battalion Center, and surrounding industrial areas to the Union Pacific line. The Port of Hueneme, owned and operated by the Oxnard Harbor District, is the only commercial deep-draft harbor between Los Angeles and San Francisco. The port has five 600 to 700 foot berths and a 35-foot entrance channel depth. Completed in 1989 was an \$18 million expansion of the harbor that included the addition of an automobile terminal and the construction of a new wharf. The Port's acquisition of approximately 33 acres from the Navy in 1997 has enabled it to increase facilities for importing foreign automobiles. Automobile imports increased by 12.7% in 1997, making the Port one of the top 10 entry points in the United States for foreign automobiles. The Channel Islands Harbor is a modern 3,000 slip boat marina, which also serves the Oxnard area in the capacity of a recreational marina and covers approximately 310 acres. The Oxnard Airport is operated by Ventura County as a general and commercial aviation air field. The Oxnard Airport handles passenger as well as cargo services. Local bus service is provided by South Coast Area Transit System (SCAT), a regional public transit agency funded by the County and member cities. Service is available in Ojai, Ventura, Oxnard, and Port Hueneme. The Greyhound bus line provides passenger and parcel service from its Oxnard station. A multi-modal transportation center located in downtown Oxnard brings together all these forms of transportation.

Education

There are 35 elementary, 8 junior high, and 5 senior high schools located in and immediately around the City, plus eight parochial and private schools. The City is served by Oxnard College, a California community college. The 119-acre campus is located on Rose Avenue between Channel Island Boulevard and Pleasant Valley Road. Oxnard College currently offers degree and certificate programs. The California State University campus at Channel Islands (CSUCI) opened in fall 2002, and has a current enrollment of over 3,700 students. In addition, two campuses of the University of California, Santa Barbara (UCSB) and Los Angeles (UCLA), one campus of the California State University, Northridge (CSUN), and two private universities, Pepperdine and California Lutheran University, are within a 50 minute drive.

Recreation

The City offers its residents a wide range of recreational facilities. The beach parks, marina and neighborhood and regional parks add up to nearly 1,500 acres of park land. McGrath State Beach Park, located south of the Santa Clara River mouth, covers approximately 295 acres and includes over a mile of ocean frontage. Overnight camping and day picnics are the main use of that park. Oxnard Beach Park includes approximately 62 acres with concession stands and facilities for day picnics and sports. Silver Strand Beach, south of the Harbor entrance, and Hollywood Beach, north of the entrance, are day beach facilities. Channel Islands Harbor is a recreational boating marina administered by Ventura County. The City has over 30 neighborhood parks located throughout the City. A tennis and softball center is located at Community Center Park. Additionally, Wilson Park contains the largest senior citizen center in the Tri-County area.

The City owns River Ridge Golf Club, consisting of two 18-hole championship golf courses, the Vineyard Course and the Victoria Lakes Course. The City also owns a 1,600-seat Performing Arts Center located on Hobson Way in the center of the City.

City's Investment Policy

The following is a summary of the City's investment policy (the "Investment Policy") applicable to certain of the City's funds and accounts, as described below, in effect as of the date of this Official

Statement. Reference is made to the entire Investment Policy, including the appendices and attachments thereto, which is available upon request from the City.

Introduction. The following statement of the City's Investment Policy is intended to provide guidelines for the prudent investment of surplus funds of the City, and to outline the policies for maximizing the efficiency of the City's cash management system. It is the policy of the City to invest public funds in a manner which will provide high investment return with the maximum security while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the entity and conforming to all state and local statutes governing the investment of public funds.

Scope. This investment policy applies to the City's pooled investment fund, which encompasses all moneys under the direct oversight of the City Treasurer. These include the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Capital Project Funds, Enterprise Funds, Trust and Agency Funds, and Internal Service Funds. This policy is generally applicable to bond proceeds with consideration given to specific provisions of each issuance. Reports of the investment of bond proceeds are issued monthly by the Trustee and are not included in the City Treasurer's monthly report of the pooled investment fund. The employee's retirement and deferred compensation funds are not included.

Prudence. Investments shall be made with judgment and care – under circumstances then prevailing – which persons of prudence, discretion, and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probable safety of their capital as well as the probable income to be derived. The standard of prudence to be used by investment officials shall be the "prudent person" standard and shall be applied in the context of managing an overall portfolio. Investment officers acting in accordance with written procedures and the investment policy and exercising due diligence shall be relieved of personal responsibility for an individual security's credit risk or market price changes, provided deviations from expectations are reported in a timely fashion and appropriate action is taken to control adverse developments.

Objectives. The City's cash management system is designed to accurately monitor and forecast revenues and expenditures thus enabling the City Treasurer to invest funds to the fullest extent possible. The City Treasurer maintains a diversified portfolio to accomplish the primary objectives of safety, liquidity, and yield (in that order of priority).

Safety. The safety/risk associated with an investment refers to the potential loss of principal, accrued interest, or a combination of these. The City seeks to mitigate credit risk by prequalifying and continual monitoring of financial institutions with which it will do business, and by careful scrutiny of the credit worthiness of the investment instruments as well as the institutions. Such resources as the Sheshunoff Performance Report, Moody's, and Standard & Poor's may be utilized for this review. The City seeks to mitigate rate risk through diversification of instruments as well as maturities.

Liquidity. The portfolio will be structured with sufficient liquidity to allow the City to meet anticipated cash requirements. This will be accomplished through diversity of instruments to include those with active secondary markets, those that match maturities to expected cash needs, and the State Local Agency Investment Fund with immediate withdrawal provision.

Yield. A competitive market rate of return is the third objective of the investment program after the fundamental requirements of safety and liquidity have been met.

Delegation of Authority. California Government Code Section 53607 provides the authority for the legislative body of the local agency to invest the funds of the local agency or to delegate that authority

to the treasurer of the local agency. Effective January 1, 1997, such delegation is to be reviewed each year and may be renewed by the City Council.

City Council. Under City of Oxnard Resolution No. 10455, the City Council has authorized the City Treasurer to invest City funds in accordance with California Government Code Section 53600, *et. seq.* The City Treasurer will include review of the delegation of authority in the annual presentation of the Investment Policy to the City Council.

City Treasurer. The execution of investment transactions on a daily basis will be conducted by the City Treasurer. The Assistant City Treasurer will execute transactions, only as directed by the City Treasurer, in the absence of the City Treasurer. The City Treasurer has established a system of controls and a segregation of responsibilities of investment functions to assure maintenance of internal control over the investment function.

Amendment of Investment Policy. The City Treasurer retains the authority to amend the Investment Policy and related guidelines and procedures at any time in order to carry out the duties as chief investment officer for the City of Oxnard. Notice of any such required amendment will be given to the Investment Review Committee and the City Council.

Ethics and Conflicts of Interest. The City Treasurer shall refrain from personal business activity that could conflict with proper execution of the investment program or which could impair the ability to make impartial investment decisions. The City Treasurer is governed by The Political Reform Act of 1974 regarding disclosure of material financial interests.

Authorized Financial Dealers and Institutions. The City Treasurer shall transact business only with banks, savings and loans, and securities dealers.

Authorization. The City may conduct business with major registered broker/dealers and with dealers designated Primary by the Federal Reserve provided all the following criteria are met. Broker/Dealers must: (1) have offices located in the State, (2) be adequately capitalized, (3) make markets in securities appropriate to the City's needs, and (4) agree to abide by the conditions set forth in the City's Investment Policy. The City Treasurer shall investigate all institutions which wish to do business with the City and shall require that each financial institution complete and return the appropriate questionnaire and required documentation. An annual review of the financial condition and registrations of qualified bidders will be conducted by the City Treasurer.

Rating. With the exception of the Local Agency Investment Fund ("LAIF") and U.S. Treasury and Government Agency issues, investments shall be placed only in those instruments and institutions rated favorably as determined by the City Treasurer with the assistance of bank rating services and nationally recognized rating services (*i.e.*, Moody's or Standard & Poor's).

Authorized and Suitable Investments. California Government Code Section 53601 defines eligible securities for the investment of surplus funds by local agencies. Surplus funds of the City of Oxnard are invested in compliance with this statute and as further limited in the Investment Policy.

U.S. Government. United States Treasury Bills, Notes, and Bonds are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States Government. There shall be no limitation as to the percentage of the portfolio invested in this category. Maturities are limited to a maximum of five years.

U.S. Agencies. The purchase of instruments of, or issued by, a federal agency or a United States government-sponsored enterprise will be limited to a maximum maturity of five years.

Such agencies include, but are not limited to, the Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Student Loan Marketing Association, Tennessee Valley Authority, and the Federal National Mortgage Corporation.

Other Bonds, Notes, or Evidences of Indebtedness. Bonds issued by the local agency, including bonds payable solely out of the revenues from a revenue-producing property owned, controlled, or operated by the local agency or by a department, board, agency, or authority of the local agency.

- Registered state warrants or treasury notes or bonds of the State, including bonds payable solely out of the revenues from a revenue-producing property owned, controlled, or operated by the State or by a department, board, agency, or authority of the State.
- Bonds, notes, warrants, or other evidences of indebtedness of any local agency within the State, including bonds payable solely out of the revenues from a revenue-producing property owned, controlled, or operated by the local agency, or by a department, board, agency, or authority of the local agency.

A maximum of 15% of the portfolio may be so invested with the approval of the Investment Review Committee.

Bankers' Acceptances. Bills of exchange or time drafts drawn on and accepted by commercial banks that are eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System are known as bankers' acceptances. Purchases of these instruments may not exceed 180 days to maturity or 40% of an agency's surplus funds. A maximum of 30% may be invested in the bankers' acceptances of any one commercial bank.

Commercial Paper. This short-term unsecured promissory note is issued to finance short-term credit needs. Eligible paper is that which is ranked "P1" by Moody's or "A1" by Standard & Poor's, issued by a domestic corporation having assets in excess of \$500,000,000, and having an "A" or better rating on issuer's debt. Purchases of commercial paper may not exceed 270 days or represent more than 10% of the outstanding paper of an issuing corporation. Commercial paper purchases will be limited to 15% of the City's portfolio.

Negotiable Certificates of Deposit ("NCDs"). Allowable NCDs are issued by a nationally or state-chartered bank or a state or federal association or by a state-licensed branch of a foreign bank. The City Treasurer may invest up to 30% of surplus funds in NCDs limited to institutions rated "Aa" or better by Moody's or "AA-" or better by Standard & Poor's. A rating equivalent to Sheshunoff performance rating of "A" or better is required for those institutions not rated by Moody's or Standard & Poor's. NCDs are considered liquid, trading actively in the secondary market.

Certificates of Deposit ("CDs"). CDs or "time deposits" of up to \$100,000 are federally insured. Beyond that amount, these CDs must be collateralized with the collateral held separately from the issuing institution. The value of the investment must have collateral of at least 110% if government securities, or collateral of at least 150% if mortgage-backed securities. Statute does not limit CDs, however, the Investment Policy shall limit such investments to a maximum of 40% of the portfolio and to a maximum of 15% deposited in any one institution. In addition, time deposits shall be placed in institutions meeting all capital requirements and which maintain a rating equivalent to Sheshunoff performance rating of "A" or better.

Repurchase Agreements. The City may invest in repurchase agreements with banks and dealers of primary dealer status recognized by the Federal Reserve with which the City has entered into a master repurchase contract which specifies terms and conditions of repurchase agreements. The maturity of repurchase agreements shall not exceed 90 days. The market value of securities used as collateral for repurchase agreements shall be monitored by the City Treasurer's office and will not be allowed to fall below 102% of the value of the repurchase agreement. In order to conform with provisions of the Federal Bankruptcy Code, which provide for the liquidation of securities held as collateral for repurchase agreements, the only securities acceptable as collateral shall be eligible negotiable certificates of deposit, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, or securities that are direct obligations of or that are fully guaranteed by the United States or any agency of the United States. These eligible securities are further defined by California Government Code Section 53651.

Medium Term Notes. A maximum of 30% of the City's portfolio may be invested in medium-term notes issued by corporations organized and operating within the United States. Note maturities may not exceed five years. Securities eligible for investment must be rated in a rating category of "A" or its equivalent or better by a nationally recognized rating service (*i.e.*, Moody's or Standard & Poor's).

Mutual Funds. Shares of beneficial interest (mutual funds) issued by diversified management companies investing in securities/obligations authorized by California Government Code Section 53600, *et seq.*, and complying with California Government Code Section 53630, are permitted investments. California Government Code Section 53601(k) further defines requirements. A maximum of 15% of the portfolio may be so invested.

LAIF. LAIF (the Local Agency Investment Fund) has been established by the State Treasurer for the benefit of local agencies. The City may invest up to the maximum permitted by the LAIF.

Ineligible Investments. Investments not described in the Investment Policy, including but not limited to common stocks and financial futures contracts and options, are prohibited in this fund.

Short Term Loans. With the approval of the City Council and concurrence of the City Treasurer, funds may be invested in short term loans to provide specific funding to City programs.

Collateral. The issue of collateral requirements is addressed in California Government Code Section 53652. All active and inactive deposits must be secured at all times with eligible securities in securities pools pursuant to California Government Code Sections 53656 and 53657. Eligible securities held as collateral shall have a market value in excess of the total amount of all deposits of a depository as follows:

- government securities, at least 10% in excess.
- mortgage backed securities, at least 50% in excess.
- letters of credit, at least 5% in excess.

Safekeeping and Custody. Security transactions entered into by the City shall be conducted on a delivery-versus-payment basis. Securities of duration exceeding 30 days to maturity shall be held by a third party custodian designated by the City Treasurer. Evidence of account for each time deposit will be held in the Treasury vault.

Diversification. The City's portfolio will be suitably diversified by type and institution in an effort to reduce portfolio risk while attaining market average rates.

Security Type and Institution. With the exception of U.S. Treasury securities and authorized pools, no more than 50% of the total portfolio will be invested in a single security type and no more than 15% with a single financial institution. Investments are further limited by specific language relating to each investment type as stated in the Investment Policy.

Maximum Maturities. To the extent possible, the City Treasurer will attempt to match investments with anticipated cash flow requirements. The City's portfolio will not be directly invested in securities that mature more than five years from the date of purchase. Reserve funds may be invested in securities exceeding the five years (maturity of such investments should coincide as nearly as practicable with expected use of funds).

Internal Controls. A system of internal controls will be maintained to assure compliance with federal and State regulations, City Council direction, and prudent cash management procedures.

Investment Review Committee. The City Manager, Chief Financial Officer, and City Treasurer are the members of the Investment Review Committee tasked with quarterly review of procedures and adherence to the Investment Policy.

Investment Portfolio Guidelines. Guidelines have been established for procedures within the City Treasurer's Office to assure internal investment controls and a segregation of responsibilities of investment functions.

Annual Audit. The City's portfolio is included in the annual review of the City's financial management performed by an independent (as defined by the Financial Accounting Standards Board) outside audit firm.

Performance Standards. The investment portfolio will be designed to obtain a market-average rate of return during budgetary and economic cycles, taking into account the City's investment risk constraints and cash flow needs. The market-average rate of return is defined as the average return on three-month Treasury bills. In addition, the City portfolio will be compared with LAIF and expected to maintain an annual yield within 0.50 (1/2 of 1%) basis points of LAIF's annual yield.

Reporting. The City Treasurer shall provide investment information to City Council.

Periodic Reports. The City Treasurer will provide detailed reports of the investments in the pooled investment fund portfolio on a monthly basis to the City Council, City Manager, and Chief Financial Officer. Within 30 days of the end of each quarter, these reports will be provided with additional information such as market pricing. Summarized reports from Trustees regarding investments of bond proceeds, deferred compensation, and retirement funds are available for review.

Annual Report. The Investment Policy will be presented annually, following the close of the fiscal year, to the City Council for approval. A detailed report of the current status of the portfolio will be included in this presentation.

Financial Statements per GASB 31. City Treasurer will provide the portfolio's market value gains/losses to Finance to be incorporated in the fiscal year end balance sheet in accordance with Rule 31 of the Government Accounting Standards Board ("GASB").

California Debt and Investment Advisory Commission. Effective January 1, 2001, investment reports issued to City Council will also be distributed semi-annually to the California Debt and Investment Advisory Commission.

Financial Statements per GASB 40. Effective June 30, 2005, additional disclosure is required. City Treasurer will provide detailed maturity and rating information to Finance to be incorporated in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report in accordance with GASB Rule 40.

APPENDIX C

**CITY OF OXNARD
COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010**

APPENDIX D

FORM OF BOND COUNSEL OPINION

[Closing Date]

Governing Board
City of Oxnard Financing Authority
300 West Third Street
Oxnard, California 93030

\$ _____
City of Oxnard Financing Authority
Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds
Series 2011
(Final Opinion)

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have acted as Bond Counsel to the City of Oxnard Financing Authority (the "Authority") in connection with the issuance by the Authority of \$ _____ aggregate principal amount of the City of Oxnard Financing Authority Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2011 (the "Bonds"), pursuant to the Marks-Roos Local Bond Pooling Act of 1985 (Article 4 of Chapter 5 of Division 7 of Title 1 of the California Government Code) and the provisions of a Trust Agreement, dated as of June 1, 2011 (the "Trust Agreement"), by and among the Authority, the City of Oxnard (the "City"), and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as trustee (the "Trustee"). Capitalized terms not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Trust Agreement and in the Master Lease and Option to Purchase, dated as of June 1, 2011 (the "Lease"), by and between the Authority, as lessor, and the City, as lessee, as applicable.

In such connection, we have reviewed the Trust Agreement, the Lease, the Property Lease, dated as of June 1, 2011 (the "Property Lease"), by and between the City and the Authority, the Tax Certificate of the City and the Authority, dated the date hereof (the "Tax Certificate"), opinions of the City Attorney, certifications of the City, the Authority, and others, and such other documents, opinions, and matters to the extent we deemed necessary to render the opinions set forth herein.

The opinions expressed herein are expressed only on and as of the date hereof and are based on an analysis of existing laws, regulations, rulings, and judicial decisions and cover certain matters not directly addressed by such authorities. Such opinions may be affected by actions taken or omitted or events occurring after the date hereof. Changes to existing law may occur hereafter and could have retroactive effect. We have not undertaken to determine, or to inform any person, whether any such actions are taken or omitted or events do occur. Our engagement with respect to the Bonds has concluded with their issuance, and we disclaim any obligation to update this opinion letter. We have assumed the genuineness of all documents and signatures presented to us (whether as originals or copies) and the due and legal execution and delivery thereof by, and validity against, any parties other than the Authority and the City. We have not undertaken to verify independently, and have assumed, the accuracy of the factual matters represented, warranted, or certified in the documents, and of the legal conclusions contained in the opinions referred to in the second paragraph hereof.

Furthermore, we have assumed compliance with all covenants and agreements contained in the Trust Agreement, the Lease, the Property Lease, and the Tax Certificate, including (without limitation) covenants and agreements compliance with which is necessary to assure that future actions, omissions, or events will not cause interest on the Bonds to be included in gross income for federal income tax purposes. In addition, we call attention to the fact that the rights and obligations under the Bonds, the Trust Agreement, the Lease, the Property Lease, and the Tax Certificate and their enforceability may be subject to bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, arrangement, fraudulent conveyance, moratorium, and other similar laws relating to or affecting creditors' rights, to the application of equitable principles, to the exercise of judicial discretion in appropriate cases, and to the limitations on legal remedies against cities and joint powers authorities in the State of California. We have not made or undertaken to make any investigation of the state of title to the Property described in the Lease or of the accuracy or sufficiency of the description of such property contained therein, and we express no opinion with respect to such matters. We express no opinion with respect to any indemnification, contribution, penalty, choice of law, choice of forum, choice of venue, severability, or waiver provisions contained in the documents mentioned in the previous sentence.

We undertake no responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, or fairness of the Official Statement for the Bonds dated _____, 2011, or other offering material relating to the Bonds and express no opinion with respect thereto. We express no opinion regarding the perfection or priority of the lien on the Base Rental payments.

Based on and subject to the foregoing, and in reliance thereon, as of the date hereof, we are of the following opinions:

1. The obligation of the City to pay the Base Rental payments under the Lease constitutes a valid and binding limited obligation of the City. The Bonds constitute the valid and binding limited obligations of the Authority.
2. The Trust Agreement creates a valid pledge, to secure the payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds, of the Base Rental payments. The Lease creates a valid lien, to secure the payment of the Base Rental payments, on the Property.
3. Interest on the Bonds is excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes under Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), and is exempt from State of California personal income taxes. Interest on the Bonds is not a specific preference item for purposes of the federal individual or corporate alternative minimum taxes, although we express no opinion regarding whether such interest is included in adjusted current earnings in calculating corporate alternative minimum taxable income.

Except as stated in paragraph 3 above, we express no opinion as to federal or State of California tax consequences of the ownership of the Bonds. We also express no opinion regarding any other tax consequences with respect to the acquisition, ownership, or disposition of, or the accrual or receipt of interest on, the Bonds.

Respectfully submitted,

APPENDIX E

FORM OF CONTINUING DISCLOSURE AGREEMENT

THIS CONTINUING DISCLOSURE AGREEMENT (the "Disclosure Agreement"), dated _____, 2011, is executed and delivered by the City of Oxnard Financing Authority (the "Authority") and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as trustee and as dissemination agent (the "Dissemination Agent"), in connection with the issuance by the Authority of \$_____ aggregate principal amount of the City of Oxnard Financing Authority Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2011 (the "Bonds"). The Bonds are being issued pursuant to a Trust Agreement, dated as of June 1, 2011, by and among the City of Oxnard (the "City"), the Authority, and the Dissemination Agent, as trustee (the "Trust Agreement").

The Authority and the Dissemination Agent covenant and agree as follows:

Section 1. Purpose of the Disclosure Agreement.

This Disclosure Agreement is being executed and delivered by the Authority and the Dissemination Agent for the benefit of the Owners of the Bonds and in order to assist the Participating Underwriter in complying with the Rule.

Section 2. Definitions.

In addition to the definitions set forth in the Trust Agreement and in the Master Lease and Option to Purchase, dated as of June 1, 2011 (the "Lease"), by and between the Authority, as lessor, and the City, as lessee, which apply to any capitalized term used in this Disclosure Agreement unless otherwise defined in this section, the following capitalized terms shall have the following meanings:

"Annual Report" shall mean any Annual Report provided by the Authority pursuant to, and as described in, Sections 3 and 4 of this Disclosure Agreement.

"Annual Report Date" shall mean the date in each year that is nine (9) months after the end of the Authority's Fiscal Year, the end of which, as of the date of this Disclosure Agreement, is June 30.

"Dissemination Agent" shall mean, initially, Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, acting in its capacity as Dissemination Agent hereunder, or any successor Dissemination Agent that is so designated in writing by the Authority and which has filed with the then current Dissemination Agent a written acceptance of such designation.

"Listed Events" shall mean any of the events listed in Section 5(a) of this Disclosure Agreement.

"MSRB" shall mean the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board.

"Official Statement" shall mean the Official Statement dated _____, 2011, relating to the Bonds.

"Participating Underwriter" shall mean RBC Capital Markets, LLC, the original underwriter of the Bonds required to comply with the Rule in connection with the offering of the Bonds.

"Rule" shall mean Rule 15c2-12(b)(5) adopted by the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as the same may be amended from time to time.

Section 3. Provision of Annual Reports.

(a) The Authority shall, or shall cause the Dissemination Agent to, not later than the Annual Report Date, commencing March 31, 2012, provide to MSRB an Annual Report that is consistent with the requirements of Section 4 of this Disclosure Agreement. Not later than fifteen (15) calendar days prior to each such Annual Report Date, the Authority shall provide its Annual Report to the Dissemination Agent, if such Dissemination Agent is a different entity than the Authority. The Annual Report must be submitted in an electronic format as prescribed by MSRB, accompanied by such identifying information as is prescribed by MSRB, and may include by reference other information as provided in Section 4 of this Disclosure Agreement; provided that the audited financial statements of the City (which include information regarding the funds and accounts of the Authority), if any, may be submitted separately from and later than the balance of the Annual Report if they are not available by the applicable Annual Report Date. If the Authority's Fiscal Year changes, the Authority shall provide written notice of such change in the same manner as for a Listed Event under Section 5(c). The Authority shall provide a written certification with each Annual Report furnished to the Dissemination Agent to the effect that such Annual Report constitutes the Annual Report required to be furnished hereunder. The Dissemination Agent may conclusively rely upon such certification of the Authority and shall have no duty or obligation to review such Annual Report.

(b) If the Authority is unable to provide to MSRB an Annual Report by the date required in subsection (a), the Authority shall send to MSRB a notice in substantially the form attached hereto as Exhibit A. Such notice must be submitted in an electronic format as prescribed by MSRB, accompanied by such identifying information as prescribed by MSRB.

(c) The Dissemination Agent shall:

- (i) provide any Annual Report received by it to the MSRB by the date required in subsection (a); and
- (ii) if the Dissemination Agent is other than the Authority, file a report with the Authority certifying that the Annual Report has been provided to MSRB pursuant to this Disclosure Agreement, and stating the date the Annual Report was so provided.

Section 4. Content of Annual Reports. The Annual Report shall contain or incorporate by reference the following:

(a) Audited financial statements of the City, which include information regarding the funds and accounts of the Authority, if any, for the most recent Fiscal Year of the City then ended. If the audited financial statements are not available by the time the Annual Report is required to be filed, the Annual Report shall contain any unaudited financial statements of the City in a format similar to the audited financial statements, and the audited financial statements shall be filed in the same manner as the Annual Report when they become available. Audited financial statements of the City shall be audited by such auditor as shall then be required or permitted by State law or the Trust Agreement. Audited financial statements shall be prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed for governmental units by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board; provided, however, that the City may from time to time, if required by federal or state legal requirements, modify the basis upon which its financial statements are prepared. In the event that the City shall modify the basis upon which its financial statements are prepared, the Authority shall provide a notice of such modification to MSRB, including a reference to the specific federal or state law or regulation specifically describing the legal requirements for the change in accounting basis.

(b) To the extent not included in the audited financial statements provided pursuant to the foregoing Section 4(a), the Annual Report shall contain the following information:

- (i) revenues, expenditures, and beginning and ending fund balances relating to the General Fund of the City for the most recent completed Fiscal Year;
- (ii) property tax rates for property within the City for the most recently completed Fiscal Year;
- (iii) property tax levies, collections, and delinquencies for the most recently completed Fiscal Year; and
- (iv) outstanding debt of the City for the most recently completed Fiscal Year, including tax increment, revenue, and lease indebtedness;

Any or all of the items listed above may be included by specific reference to other documents, including official statements of debt issues of the Authority, the City, or related public entities, that are available to the public on MSRB's Internet web site or filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Authority shall clearly identify each such other document so included by reference.

Section 5. Reporting of Significant Events.

(a) Pursuant to the provisions of this Section 5, the Authority shall give, or cause to be given, not in excess of ten business days after the occurrence of any of the following events, notice of the occurrence of such event with respect to the Bonds:

- (i) principal and interest payment delinquencies;
- (ii) non-payment related defaults, if material;
- (iii) unscheduled draws on any reserve fund for the Bonds reflecting financial difficulties;
- (iv) unscheduled draws on any credit enhancements securing the Bonds reflecting financial difficulties;
- (v) substitution of any credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform;
- (vi) adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB) or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax status of the applicable series of Bonds, or other material events affecting the tax status of the applicable series of Bonds;
- (vii) modifications to the rights of Owners of the applicable series of Bonds, if material;
- (viii) Bond calls, if material, and tender offers for the applicable series of Bonds;
- (ix) defeasances;
- (x) any release, substitution, or sale of property securing repayment of the Bonds, if material;

(xi) rating changes;

(xii) any bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership, or similar event of the Authority or the City [this Listed Event is considered to occur when any of the following occur: the appointment of a receiver, fiscal agent, or similar officer for the Authority or the City in a proceeding under the U.S. Bankruptcy Code or in any other proceeding under state or federal law in which a court or governmental authority has assumed jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the Authority or the City, or if such jurisdiction has been assumed by leaving the existing governing body and officials or officers in possession but subject to the supervision and orders of a court or governmental authority, or the entry of an order confirming a plan of reorganization, arrangement, or liquidation by a court or governmental authority having supervision or jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the Authority or the City];

(xiii) the consummation of a merger, consolidation, or acquisition involving the Authority or the City or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the Authority or the City, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms, if material; and

(xiv) appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee, if material.

(b) Upon and after the occurrence of a Listed Event listed under subsection (a)(ii), (a)(vii), (a)(viii), (a)(x), (a)(xiii), or (a)(xiv) above, the Authority shall as soon as possible determine if such event would be material under applicable federal securities laws. If the Authority determines that knowledge of the occurrence of such Listed Event would be material under applicable federal securities laws, the Authority shall promptly notify the Dissemination Agent in writing. Such notice shall instruct the Dissemination Agent to report the occurrence pursuant to subsection (d) below.

(c) Upon and after the occurrence of any Listed Event (other than a Listed Event listed under subsection (a)(ii), (a)(vii), (a)(viii), (a)(x), (a)(xiii), or (a)(xiv) above), the Authority shall promptly notify the Dissemination Agent in writing. Such notice shall instruct the Dissemination Agent to report the occurrence pursuant to subsection (d) below.

(d) If the Dissemination Agent has been instructed by the Authority to report the occurrence of a Listed Event, the Dissemination Agent shall file a notice of such occurrence with MSRB, not in excess of ten business days after the occurrence of such Listed Event. Such notice must be submitted in an electronic format as prescribed by MSRB, accompanied by such identifying information as prescribed by MSRB. Notwithstanding the foregoing, notice of Listed Events described in subsections (a)(viii) and (ix) need not be given under this subsection any earlier than the notice (if any) of the underlying event is given to holders of affected Bonds pursuant to the Trust Agreement.

(e) The Authority hereby agrees that the undertaking set forth in this Disclosure Agreement is the responsibility of the Authority and that the Trustee or the Dissemination Agent shall not be responsible for determining whether the Authority's instructions to the Dissemination Agent under this Section 5 comply with the requirements of the Rule.

Section 6. Termination of Reporting Obligation. The obligation of the Authority, the Trustee, and the Dissemination Agent under this Disclosure Agreement shall terminate upon the legal defeasance, prior redemption, or payment in full of all of the Bonds. If such termination occurs prior to the final maturity of the Bonds, the Authority shall give notice of such termination in the same manner as for a Listed Event under Section 5(c).

Section 7. Dissemination Agent. The Authority may, from time to time, appoint or engage a Dissemination Agent to assist it in carrying out its obligations under this Disclosure Agreement, and may discharge any such Dissemination Agent, with or without appointing a successor Dissemination Agent. The Dissemination Agent may resign by providing thirty days written notice to the Authority and the Trustee. The Dissemination Agent shall not be responsible for the content of any report or notice prepared by the Authority. The Dissemination Agent shall have no duty to prepare any information report nor shall the Dissemination Agent be responsible for filing any report not provided to it by the Authority in a timely manner and in a form suitable for filing.

Section 8. Amendment; Waiver. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Disclosure Agreement, the Authority and the Dissemination Agent may amend this Disclosure Agreement, and any provision of this Disclosure Agreement may be waived; provided that the following conditions are satisfied:

(a) If the amendment or waiver related to annual or event information to be provided hereunder, it may only be made in connection with a change in circumstances that arises from a change in legal (including regulatory) requirements, a change in law (including rules or regulations) or in interpretations thereof, or a change in the identity, nature, or status of the Authority or the type of business conducted thereby;

(b) The undertakings herein, as proposed to be amended or waived, would, in the opinion of nationally recognized bond counsel, have complied with the requirements of the Rule at the time of the primary offering of the Bonds, after taking into account any amendments or interpretations of the Rule, as well as any change in circumstances; and

(c) The proposed amendment or waiver (i) is approved by Owners of the Bonds in the manner provided in the Trust Agreement for amendments to such Trust Agreement with the consent of Owners or (ii) does not, in the opinion of the Authority or nationally recognized bond counsel, materially impair the interest of Owners of the Bonds.

If the annual financial information or operating data to be provided in the Annual Report is amended pursuant to the provisions hereof, the annual financial information containing the amended operating data or financial information shall explain, in narrative form, the reasons for the amendment and the impact of the change in the type of operating data or financial information being provided.

If an amendment is made to the undertaking specifying the accounting principles to be followed in preparing financial statements, the annual financial information for the year in which the change is made shall present a comparison between the financial statements or information prepared on the basis of the new accounting principles and those prepared on the basis of the former accounting principles. The comparison shall include a quantitative and, to the extent reasonably feasible, qualitative discussion of the differences in the accounting principles and the impact of the change in the accounting principles on the presentation of the financial information, in order to provide information to investors to enable them to evaluate the ability of the City and the Authority to meet their respective obligations. To the extent reasonably feasible, the comparison shall be quantitative. A notice of the change in the accounting principles shall be sent to MSRB.

Section 9. Additional Information. Nothing in this Disclosure Agreement shall be deemed to prevent the Authority from disseminating any other information, using the means of dissemination set forth in this Disclosure Agreement or any other means of communication, or including any other information in any Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event, in addition to that which is required by this Disclosure Agreement. If the Authority chooses to include any information in any Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event in addition to that which is specifically required by this

Disclosure Agreement, the Authority shall have no obligation under this Disclosure Agreement to update such information or include it in any future Annual Report or notice of the occurrence of a Listed Event.

Section 10. Default. In the event of a failure of the Authority to comply with any provision of this Disclosure Agreement, any Owner of a Bond, Participating Underwriter, or Trustee may take such actions as may be necessary and appropriate, including seeking mandate or specific performance by court order; to cause the Authority to comply with its obligations under this Disclosure Agreement. A default under this Disclosure Agreement shall not be deemed a default under the Trust Agreement, and the sole remedy under this Disclosure Agreement in the event of any failure of the Authority to comply with this Disclosure Agreement shall be an action to compel performance.

Section 11. Duties, Immunities, and Liabilities of Dissemination Agent. The Dissemination Agent shall have only such duties as are specifically set forth in this Disclosure Agreement, and the Authority agrees to indemnify and save the Dissemination Agent and its officers, directors, employees, and agents, harmless against any loss, expense and liabilities which it may incur arising out of or in the exercise or performance of its powers and duties hereunder, including the costs and expenses (including attorneys fees) of defending against any claim of liability, but excluding liabilities due to the Dissemination Agent's negligence or willful misconduct. The obligations of the Authority under this section shall survive resignation or removal of the Dissemination Agent and payment of all of the Bonds. The Dissemination Agent shall not be responsible in any manner for the format or content of any notice or Annual Report prepared by the Authority pursuant to this Disclosure Agreement. The Authority shall pay the reasonable fees and expenses of the Dissemination Agent for its duties hereunder.

Section 12. Beneficiaries. This Disclosure Agreement shall inure solely to the benefit of the Authority, the City, the Trustee, the Dissemination Agent, the Participating Underwriter, and Owners from time to time of the Bonds, and shall create no rights in any other person or entity.

Section 13. Notices. Notices should be sent in writing to the following addresses. The following information may be conclusively relied upon until changed in writing.

If to the Authority or the City: City of Oxnard Financing Authority
300 West Third Street
Oxnard, CA 93030
Attention: Controller

If to the Dissemination Agent: Wells Fargo Bank, National Association
707 Wilshire Blvd., 17th Floor
Los Angeles, CA 90017
Attention: Corporate Trust Services

Section 14. Counterparts. This Disclosure Agreement may be executed in several counterparts, each of which shall be an original and all of which shall constitute but one and the same instrument.

Date: [Closing Date]

CITY OF OXNARD FINANCING AUTHORITY

Controller

WELLS FARGO BANK,
NATIONAL ASSOCIATION,
as Dissemination Agent and Trustee

By: _____
Its: Authorized Officer

EXHIBIT A

NOTICE TO MSRB OF FAILURE TO FILE ANNUAL REPORT

Name of Issuer: City of Oxnard Financing Authority
Name of Bond Issues: City of Oxnard Financing Authority Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2011
Date of Issuance: [Closing Date]

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the City of Oxnard Financing Authority (the "Authority") has not provided an Annual Report with respect to the above-named Bonds as required by Section 3 of the Continuing Disclosure Agreement, dated [Closing Date], 2011, by and among the Authority, the City of Oxnard, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as trustee and dissemination agent. The Authority anticipates that the Annual Report will be filed by _____.

Dated: _____

CITY OF OXNARD FINANCING AUTHORITY

By: _____
Authorized Signatory

[APPENDIX F]

[SPECIMEN BOND INSURANCE POLICY]

